NORTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors Northampton Township Richboro, PA

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general and park and recreation funds, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Northampton Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and historical trend information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Bee, Bergvall and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Warrington, PA July 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

As the Township Board of the Northampton Township, we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Northampton Township for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Please read in conjunction with the Township's financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements (Full Accrual)

• The assets of Northampton Township for the governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$151,798,369 (net position). Of this amount, -\$3,460,017 (unrestricted net position) represents a negative balance and may not be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Additionally, \$6,886,897 (restricted net position) represents a positive balance and must be used to meet the Township's existing capital obligations and other restrictions whether imposed by grantors or real estate taxes.

Fund Financial Statements (Modified Accrual)

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,619,420, a decrease of \$4,802,546 (26.07%) when compared to the prior year. The majority of this decrease is attributed to inflated expenses and expenses related to the continuing construction of two new Fire Stations in the Township (\$30,365,000 GOB issued in 2021 to fund). The total combined fund balance is available for spending, within the "assigned" and "restricted" categories of the various funds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,814,461 or 19.22% of total general fund expenditures, \$19,846,803. This is an increase of \$618,897 for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Northampton Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1) government-wide financial statements, (Full Accrual)
- 2) fund financial statements, (Modified Accrual)
- 3) notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the Township's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

The governmental and business-type activities of the Township include:

- General Government
- Code Enforcement
- Public Safety
- Sanitation
- Public Works
- Culture & Recreation
- Debt Service

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Northampton Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Northampton Township maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Park & Recreation Fund, Capital Asset Fire, Debt Fire Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

Data from the other governmental funds (Capital Asset Recreation, Capital Reserve, Road Maintenance, Capital Road Equipment, Capital Asset Library, Capital Asset Senior Center, Ambulance, Fire, Library, Senior Center, and Highway Aid) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and park and recreation fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds (Business-Type Activities) are used to account for services for which the Township charges a fee. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The acquisition of the Northampton Valley Country Club by the Township in September 2018 added the Country Club and the Country Club Capital to the existing list of Proprietary Funds. Together with the Refuse Fund there are now three Proprietary Funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-32 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds (Police Pension Fund and Non-Uniformed Pension Fund) are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 and 34 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Township's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Northampton Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$150,702,206 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a \$6,554,200 or 4.17% reduction from the previous year. This change is mostly attributable to a depreciable reduction (\$10,037,059) in Assets.

By far the most significant portion of the Township's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, and net of accumulated depreciation, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position:

Table 1 Statement of Net Position - December 31, 2024 (in thousands)

		Govern Activ				Busin	ness-	J 1		T	otal	
	_	<u>2024</u>	rtica	2023	_	<u>2024</u>	tivit	<u>2023</u>	_	2024	mai	2023
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$	21,891 200,062 221,953	\$	29,481 204,535 234,016	\$	3,584 12,056 15,640	\$	2,915 12,619 15,534	\$	25,475 212,118 237,593	\$	32,396 217,154 249,550
Long term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities		60,859 9,296 70,155		64,019 11,049 75,068		14,452 2,284 16,736		15,029 2,196 17,225	_	75,311 11,580 86,891		79,048 13,245 92,293
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted		148,371 6,887 (3,460)		150,578 12,443 (4,073)		- - (1,096)		- - (1,691)		148,371 6,887 (4,556)		150,578 12,443 (5,764)
Total Net Position	\$	151,798	\$	158,948	\$	(1,096)	\$	(1,691)	\$	150,702	\$	157,257

A large portion of the Township's net position (\$6,886,897) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (-\$4,556,180) shows a negative balance which is primarily due to the pension liability and post-employment benefit liability. GASB allows the financial statement reader to consider short-term and long-term analysis. The Township's net position decreased by \$6,554,200 during the current fiscal year as discussed below. Total Assets decreased by \$10,266,241 primarily due to the change in the pension components. Total Liabilities decreased by \$2,979,797 due to reduction of annual debt payments and not assuming new debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

A comparison of 2024 vs. 2023 shows an increase in Total Revenues (\$1,257,000 or 2.48%), primarily due to a 6.3889 mill Real Estate Tax Increase needed to support continued and enhanced public safety services. Total Operating expenses show an increase of \$6,143,000, representing the cost of establishing a full time public safety Fire Department. Total Net Position had decreased by \$6,554,200 by year-end 2024.

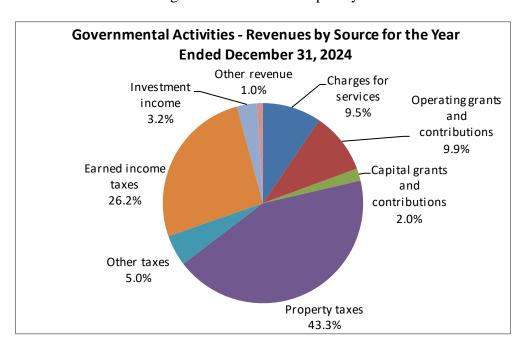
Table 2 Changes in Net position - 2024 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			less-type tivities	Total			
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		
REVENUES								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 3,617	\$ 3,880	\$ 12,772	\$ 13,241	\$ 16,389	\$ 17,121		
Operating grants and contributions	3,777	3,187	352	398	4,129	3,585		
Capital grants and contributions	772	994	-	-	772	994		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	16,508	12,642	-	-	16,508	12,642		
Other taxes	11,897	11,833	-	-	11,897	11,833		
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs	-	-	-	700	-	700		
Investment income	1,211	1,729	196	161	1,407	1,890		
Miscellaneous	879	1,981	30	8	909	1,989		
Net transfers	(498)	12	498	(12)				
Total Revenues	38,163	36,258	13,848	14,496	52,011	50,754		
EXPENSES								
General government	6,864	5,841	-	-	6,864	5,841		
Code enforcement	705	777	-	-	705	777		
Public safety	18,104	13,650	-	-	18,104	13,650		
Sanitation	-	-	7,234	7,072	7,234	7,072		
Public works	12,726	12,124	-	-	12,726	12,124		
Culture and recreation	4,861	4,508	6,019	6,093	10,880	10,601		
Debt service	2,053	2,358			2,053	2,358		
Total Expenses	45,313	39,258	13,253	13,165	58,566	52,423		
Change in Net Position	(7,150)	(3,000)	595	1,331	(6,555)	(1,669)		
Net Position - Beginning	158,948	161,948	(1,691)	(3,022)	157,257	158,926		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 151,798	\$ 158,948	\$ (1,096)	\$ (1,691)	\$ 150,702	\$ 157,257		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

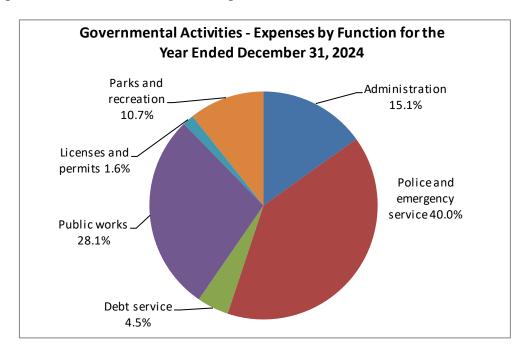
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, revenues for governmental activities totaled \$38,660,583, an increase of \$2,415,346 over 2023. Real Estate Tax revenues were the primary cause for the increase as most other revenue sources showed slight decreases over the prior year.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

For the 2024 fiscal year, expenses for government activities totaled \$45,311,601, a \$6,053,564 increase over 2023. This is mainly due to the increased public safety expenses involving increase road maintenance costs and implementation of a full time Fire Department.



The change in net position reflects the difference between total revenues and total expenses. For governmental and business-type activities in fiscal 2024, total expenses (\$58,564,581) exceeded total revenues (\$52,010,381) by \$6,554,200 resulting in a decrease in net position by that amount. The year ended with a total Net Position of \$150,702,006.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, Restricted, Assigned, and Unassigned Fund Balances may serve as a useful measure of a Township's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. However, the Restricted and the Assigned are ear-marked for specific purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Township's total governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,619,420, a decrease of \$4,802,546 or (26.07%) in comparison with the prior year.

The total fund balance for all funds constitutes a Restricted Fund balance of \$6,782,024, an Assigned Fund balance of \$611,253, Nonspendable of \$2,411,931 and an Unassigned Fund balance of \$3,814,212 (which is available for spending at the Township's discretion).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Unassigned Fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,814,461. Unreserved/Unassigned Fund balance represents 19.22% of total General Fund expenditures. This represents an increase from the 2023 percentage of 17.01%.

General Fund Budget Highlights

There were no budget amendments so the original and the final budget are the same. Budget variances are discussed as follows:

2024 General Fund Total Revenues came in higher than anticipated by \$1,175,879 (5.34%) when compared to the 2024 Budget. Transfer Taxes were higher than budgeted by \$146,597 (11.53%). Earned Income Taxes continued to show growth coming in \$512,180 (5.39%) over budget. Fees, Licenses & Permits were just slightly overbudget by \$22,839 (2.94%). Interest & Rents- soared past projections with \$217,133 (53.49%) in additional revenue, primarily due to healthy interest rates. Intergovernmental Revenues were \$199,674 (15.78%) over budget. Charges for Services were under budget by \$192,869 (13.33%) Other General Fund revenues were \$180,564 (87.23%) over the 2024 budget, primarily due to recognized pension forfeitures.

General Fund Total Expenditures came in under budget by \$436,197 or 2.15%. This was seen primarily in salaries and wages of public safety employees due to vacancies that were either delayed or unable to be filled from lack of qualified applicants. In addition, a mild winter allowed for under budget expenses for snow and ice removal.

A schedule showing the Township's original and final budget amount compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 28.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Park & Recreation Fund Budget Highlights

The Park & Recreation Department budgeted 2024 to be a positive year, and while revenues did not quite reach their mark, they still came in \$470,121 (16.58%) higher than 2023. Tax revenues remained stable coming in just slightly over budget at \$1,299,517. Fees/Charges for Services experienced a shortfall of the \$2,031,000 budget, coming in at \$1,978,694 by the end of the year. Interest income was higher than budgeted, coming in at \$25,437. Total revenues for Park & Recreation reached \$3,306,986; just \$35,014 (1.05%) under budget projections.

Total Expenses for 2024 were \$3,189,055 which amounted to the expenses being \$138,055 (4.53%) over budget. The cause primarily being the rising inflation of costs and availability for goods and services, as well as several small unexpected repairs and maintenance projects. Despite expense coming in higher than budgeted, the actual Total Revenues still exceeded the Total Expenses by \$117,931. The Fund Balance came in at a final amount of \$15,658.

A schedule showing the Township's original and final budget amount compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 29.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$211,919,000 (net of accumulated depreciation \$185,348,000). This investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, etc. A total (gross) increase of \$5,216,000 in the Township's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was the result of the sale of various capital equipment (-\$272,000), land and building improvements (\$14,693,000), Infrastructure (\$329,000), and the construction-in-progress (-\$9,534,000).

The -\$9,534,000 represents Township assets that were completed and removed from construction in progress and put into their capital asset categories. -\$272,000 represents past life expectant vehicles and equipment sold. \$14,693,000 is the addition for buildings assets, the majority of this increase being attributed to the continued construction of 2 new Fire Stations seen in 2023/2024. Infrastructure saw an increase of \$329,000 from road, bridge, and wastewater management projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Table 3 Changes in Capital Assets - Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	Beginning Balance January 1, 2024		Net Additions/ Deletions		Ending Balance mber 31, 2024
Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	\$	1,898	\$	-	\$ 1,898
Construction in progress		11,671		(9,534)	2,137
Other Capital Assets					
Machinery, vehicles and equipment		13,639		(272)	13,367
Land improvements		4,412		-	4,412
Buildings and improvements		50,322		14,693	65,015
Library		95		-	95
Infrastructure		314,128		329	314,457
Accumulated depreciation on capital assets		(179,050)		(10,412)	 (189,462)
Totals	\$	217,115	\$	(5,196)	\$ 211,919
Right to Use Assets	\$	136	\$	111	\$ 247

The Northampton Township Board of Supervisors continues to place significant resources to the area of capital improvements. Details on Capital Assets can be found on pages 52-54.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township had total bonded and installment debt outstanding of \$61,460,000. Of this amount, \$60,810,000 is comprised of General Obligation Bonds (GOB) and is considered debt that is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The construction of the New Police Facility involved the purchase of the existing Sewer & Water Authority's administrative offices through a 25-year, 0% balloon payment. This agreement also added \$650,000 to this debt balance. There are no bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The Township entered 2023 with total outstanding debt of \$63,660,000. After making principal payments (\$2,200,000), the outstanding debt balance at year-end is \$61,460,000.

Details on Long-term Debt can be found on pages 56-59.

Year of	Amount of	Average	Final		Balance	Principal		Interest		Balance
<u>Issue</u>	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity	Jar	nuary 1, 2024	Payments Payments		Payments Payments	Dec	cember 31, 2024
2015	10,955,000	variable - 5.00%	2035	\$	10,780,000	\$ 725,000	\$	398,400	\$	10,055,000
2018	650,000	0%	2043		650,000	-		-		650,000
2018	22,250,000	variable -4.00%	2043		22,230,000	650,000		822,300		21,580,000
2021	30,365,000	variable -4.00%	2046		30,000,000	 825,000	_	1,179,375		29,175,000
				\$	63,660,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$	2,400,075	\$	61,460,000

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

2024 began strong from a financial standpoint, with recovering interest rates and a solid tax base. Despite the lingering inflation affecting the cost of goods and services in all departments, the Township was able to adhere to the budget and provide the services promised to its residents. The increased millage was necessary to sustain the Township's growing emergency services and public safety departments. The Township continued to have difficulty in filling open positions with qualified candidates as the labor market remained limited.

The 2025 Budget focuses on improvements to the transportation system, parks, public buildings and equipment. The Township will also continue to address the need for Fire and EMS services, as exemplified by the construction and completion of the 2 new Fire stations. 2025 Budget expectations are taking into consideration the forecasted continuation of economic inflation and supply chain issues, as well as the need for staffing and EMS Services.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Northampton Township's finances for all those with an interest in the Township's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department of Northampton Township, 55 Township Road, Richboro, PA 18954.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2024

	P			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit Fire Company
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,846,261	\$ 2,954,226	\$ 15,800,487	\$ 260,375
Taxes receivable	4,359,474	-	4,359,474	-
Accounts receivable	765,748	483,643	1,249,391	23,940
Leases receivable-due in one year	50,011	-	50,011	-
Prepaid expenses	54,448	-	54,448	38,622
Inventory	-	97,819	97,819	-
Leases receivable, non-current	2,307,472	-	2,307,472	-
Land	1,897,956	-	1,897,956	-
Construction in progress	2,120,315	15,878	2,136,193	-
Other capital assets (net of				
accumulated depreciation)	195,845,275	12,040,346	207,885,621	1,834,789
Right of use Asset (net of accumulated				
amortization)	198,258	48,365	246,623	<u></u> _
Total Assets	220,445,218	15,640,277	236,085,495	2,157,726
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 1 12 005		1 1 10 005	
Deferred outflows for pension	1,143,805	-	1,143,805	-
Deferred outflows for OPEB	364,505		364,505	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,508,310		1,508,310	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,981,326	999,508	2,980,834	34,961
Interest payable	201,578	69,576	271,154	-
Unearned revenue	722,211	-	722,211	-
Deferred Revenue	-	593,052	593,052	-
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,567,614	622,530	3,190,144	104,144
Due after one year	60,858,968	14,451,774	75,310,742	693,856
Total Liabilities	66,331,697	16,736,440	83,068,137	832,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows for leases	1,733,970	-	1,733,970	-
Deferred inflows for pension	1,132,170	-	1,132,170	-
Deferred inflows for OPEB	957,322		957,322	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,823,462		3,823,462	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	148,371,489	_	148,371,489	1,036,789
Restricted for	110,071,107		110,071,107	1,000,707
Public safety	4,822,920	_	4,822,920	_
Public works	1,033,981	_	1,033,981	_
Culture and recreation	181,175	_	181,175	_
Capital projects	-	_	-	_
Debt service	848,821	_	848,821	_
Unrestricted	(3,460,017)	(1,096,163)		287,976
Total Net Position	\$ 151,798,369	\$ (1,096,163)		\$ 1,324,765
TOTAL NET FOSITION	φ 131,790,309	ψ (1,070,103)	φ 150,/02,200	φ 1,324,703

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Program Revenu	es
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 6,863,196	\$ 177,016	\$ 1,191,123	\$ -
Code Enforcement	705,201	-	-	-
Public Safety	18,102,826	1,231,821	1,117,457	-
Public Works	12,726,284	100,340	1,272,008	220,049
Culture and Recreation	4,861,171	2,107,823	196,019	551,933
Debt Service	2,052,923			
Total Government Activities	45,311,601	3,617,000	3,776,607	771,982
Business-Type Activities				
Refuse	7,234,211	7,607,601	351,692	-
Country Club	6,018,769	5,164,372	-	-
Street Light				
Total Business-Type Activities	13,252,980	12,771,973	351,692	
Total Primary Government	58,564,581	16,388,973	4,128,299	771,982
Component Units				
Northampton Volunteer Fire Co.				
Total Component Units				

General Revenues

Taxes:

Real Estate

Transfer

Earned Income Tax

Local Service Tax

Grants and Contributions not

Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings and Rents

Gain (Loss) on Sale/Transfer of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government

	Primary Go	overnment			
G	overnmental	Business-Type			Component Unit
	Activities	Activities		Total	Fire Company
\$	(5,495,057)	\$ -	\$	(5,495,057)	\$ -
	(705,201)	-		(705,201)	-
	(15,753,548)	-		(15,753,548)	-
	(11,133,887)	-		(11,133,887)	-
	(2,005,396)	-		(2,005,396)	-
	(2,052,923)			(2,052,923)	
	(37,146,012)			(37,146,012)	
	-	725,082		725,082	-
	-	(854,397)		(854,397)	-
		- (120 215)		(120.215)	
	-	(129,315)		(129,315)	
	(37,146,012)	(129,315)		(37,275,327)	
				-	(540,260) (540,260)
	16,507,863	_		16,507,863	-
	1,418,597	-		1,418,597	-
	9,990,682	-		9,990,682	-
	488,037	-		488,037	-
					240 114
	1,210,921	196,328		1,407,249	340,114 270
	(636,678)	29,805		(606,873)	(37,455)
	1,515,572	29,803		1,515,572	195
	(498,319)	498,319		1,515,572	-
_				20.721.127	
_	29,996,675	724,452	_	30,721,127	303,124
	(7,149,337)	595,137		(6,554,200)	(237,136)
_	158,947,706	(1,691,300)	_	157,256,406	1,561,901
\$	151,798,369	\$ (1,096,163)	\$	150,702,206	\$ 1,324,765
_			_		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	 General		Park & ecreation		Capital Asset Fire
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,577,145	\$	109,346	\$	1,872,912
Taxes receivable	2,072,879		17,306		-
Accounts receivable	487,488		2,472		-
Leases receivable	2,357,483		=		-
Prepaid expenses	 		13,015	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,494,995	\$	142,139	\$	1,872,912
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$ 1,120,147	\$	113,200	\$	-
Unearned revenue	 396,538		=		-
Total Liabilities	 1,516,685	_	113,200		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows- Leases	1,733,970		_		_
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	72,396		13,281		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,806,366		13,281		
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable for:					
Prepaid items	-		13,015		-
Leases	2,357,483		=		-
Restricted for:					
Public safety	-		-		1,872,912
Public works	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-
Debt service	-		-		-
Assigned for:					
Capital projects	-		=		-
Culture and recreation	-		2,643		-
Unassigned	 3,814,461				
Total Fund Balances	 6,171,944	_	15,658		1,872,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,494,995	\$	142,139	\$	1,872,912

Debt Fire	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,414,089 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,872,769 120,071 275,788 - 41,433 \$ 4,310,061	\$ 12,846,261 2,210,256 765,748 2,357,483 54,448 \$ 18,234,196
\$ 2,414,089 \$ 5,319 	\$ 742,660 325,673 1,068,333	\$ 1,981,326
	91,592 91,592	1,733,970 177,269 1,911,239
-	41,433	54,448 2,357,483
2,408,770 - - -	510,647 1,025,249 152,822 811,624	4,792,329 1,025,249 152,822 811,624
2,408,770	608,610 - (249) 3,150,136	608,610 2,643 3,814,212 13,619,420
\$ 2,414,089	\$ 4,310,061	\$ 18,234,196

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 19) are different because:		
Total fund balances-total governmental funds (page 22-23)	\$	13,619,420
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are reported in the funds.		
Cost of capital and right to use assets \$ 385,409,; Accumulated depreciation & amortization (185,347,		200,061,804
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		2,149,218
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing,		2,1 13, 2 10
some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures.		
Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		177,269
Deferred inflows and outflows or resources related to pensions are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows for pension 1,143,	805	
Deferred outflows for OPEB 364,	505	
Deferred infllows for pension (1,132,	170)	
Deferred infllows for OPEB (957;	322)	(581,182)
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable (50,554,	546)	
Notes payable (1,135,	569)	
Lease payable (242,	270)	
Interest payable (201,	578)	
Net pension liability (3,435,	049)	
Post-employment benefits liability (3,236,	187)	
Compensated absences $(4,822,7)$	761)	(63,628,160)
Net Position of governmental activities (page 19)	\$	151,798,369

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Revenues Fines and forfeitures Recreation Asset Fire Revenues \$ 6,660,815 \$ 1,299,517 \$ - Real estate \$ 6,660,815 \$ 1,299,517 \$ - Transfer 1,418,597 - - Earned income tax 10,029,180 - - Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - - Fines and forfeitures 89,909 - -			Park &	Capital
Taxes: Real estate \$ 6,660,815 \$ 1,299,517 \$ - Transfer 1,418,597 - - Earned income tax 10,029,180 - - Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	_	General	Recreation	Asset Fire
Real estate \$ 6,660,815 \$ 1,299,517 \$ - Transfer 1,418,597 - - Earned income tax 10,029,180 - - Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	Revenues			
Transfer 1,418,597 - - Earned income tax 10,029,180 - - Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	Taxes:			
Earned income tax 10,029,180 - - Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	Real estate \$	6,660,815	\$ 1,299,517	\$ -
Local service tax 488,037 - - Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	Transfer	1,418,597	-	-
Per Capita - - - Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 - - Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674 - -	Earned income tax	10,029,180	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits 800,839 Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674	Local service tax	488,037	-	-
Investment income and rent 623,133 25,437 112,309 Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674	Per Capita	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues 1,465,674	Fees, licenses and permits	800,839	-	-
-		623,133	25,437	112,309
Fines and forfeitures 89,909	Intergovernmental revenues	1,465,674	-	-
	Fines and forfeitures	89,909	-	-
Charges for services 1,254,131 1,978,694 -	Charges for services	1,254,131	1,978,694	-
Other 387,564 3,338 -	Other	387,564	3,338	-
Total Revenues 23,217,879 3,306,986 112,309	Total Revenues	23,217,879	3,306,986	112,309
Expenditures	Expenditures			
Current:	-			
General government 3,190,775		3 190 775	_	_
Public safety 10,437,168			_	_
Highways and roads 3,153,115 -	· ·			
Culture and recreation 84,535 3,189,055 -			3 180 055	_
Miscellaneous 2,981,210			3,167,033	_
Debt service:		2,981,210	-	-
Principal				
Interest	_	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-
	-	10.046.002	2 100 055	
Total Expenditures 19,846,803 3,189,055 -	Total Expenditures	19,846,803	3,189,055	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures 3,371,076 117,931 112,309		3,371,076	117,931	112,309
<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt issuance		_	_	_
Transfers in 241,893 - 48,519		241.893	_	48.519
Transfers out (3,038,838) (75,178) (1,200,000)			(75.178)	
Total Other Financing		(2,020,020)	(10,110)	(1,200,000)
		(2.706.045)	(75 179)	(1 151 491)
Sources (Uses) (2,796,945) (75,178) (1,151,481)	Sources (Oses)	(2,790,943)	(73,176)	(1,131,461)
Net Change in Fund Balances 574,131 42,753 (1,039,172)	Net Change in Fund Balances	574,131	42,753	(1,039,172)
Fund Balance - Beginning 5,597,813 (27,095) 2,912,084	Fund Balance - Beginning	5,597,813	(27,095)	2,912,084
Fund Balance - Ending \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Fund Balance - Ending	6,171,944	\$ 15,658	\$ 1,872,912

	Other	Total
Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Fire	Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ 8,485,376	\$ 16,445,708
-	-	1,418,597
-	-	10,029,180
-	_	488,037
-	-	-
-	-	800,839
224,785	225,257	1,210,921
-	3,033,299	4,498,973
-	· -	89,909
-	270,666	3,503,491
-	86,444	477,346
224,785	12,101,042	38,963,001
	12,101,0.2	
_	711,799	3,902,574
4,446,454	6,384,794	21,268,416
-, ,	2,606,539	5,759,654
_	1,547,441	4,821,031
_	564,298	3,545,508
	22.,_2	2,2 12,2 3
-	2,366,376	2,366,376
-	1,896,439	1,896,439
	18,123	18,123
4,446,454	16,095,809	43,578,121
(4,221,669)	(3,994,767)	(4,615,120)
-	310,893	310,893
-	4,536,816	4,827,228
(48,519)	(963,012)	(5,325,547)
(48,519)	3,884,697	(187,426)
_	_	_
(4,270,188)	(110,070)	(4,802,546)
6,678,958	3,260,206	18,421,966
\$ 2,408,770	\$ 3,150,136	\$ 13,619,420

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital and right to use outlay Depreciation and amortization expense The effect of sales of capital assets is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Bond issuance cost is recorded as an expenditure in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position. This is the amount of amortization for the period. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issuance Leases payment Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Net pension liability and deferred items		\$ (4,802,54
the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital and right to use outlay Depreciation and amortization expense The effect of sales of capital assets is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Bond issuance cost is recorded as an expenditure in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position. This is the amount of amortization for the period. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issuance Leases payment Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(.,002,5
Capital and right to use outlay Depreciation and amortization expense The effect of sales of capital assets is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Bond issuance cost is recorded as an expenditure in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position. This is the amount of amortization for the period. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issuance Leases payment Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
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financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Bond issuance cost is recorded as an expenditure in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position. This is the amount of amortization for the period. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issuance Leases payment Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(636,9
Bond issuance cost is recorded as an expenditure in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position. This is the amount of amortization for the period. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issuance Leases payment Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
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Interest payable Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(548,802) 56,379	
Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	9,836	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	2,604,335	2,121,7
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	2,004,333	2,121,
in governmental funds.		
Net pension liability and deferred items		
	645,945	
Compensated absences	(504,454)	
OPEB Liability and deferred items		 68,1
Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 22-23)	(73,299)	(7,149,3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	GENERAL FUND							
_							Var	iance with
		Budgeted	An	ounts			Fina	al Budget -
	0	riginal		Final		ACTUAL	Ov	er (Under)
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Real estate	\$	6,659,000	\$	6,659,000	\$	6,660,815	\$	1,815
Transfer		1,272,000		1,272,000		1,418,597		146,597
Earned income tax		9,517,000		9,517,000		10,029,180		512,180
Local service tax		430,000		430,000		488,037		58,037
Fees, licenses and permits		778,000		778,000		800,839		22,839
Interest and rent		406,000		406,000		623,133		217,133
Intergovernmental revenues		1,266,000		1,266,000		1,465,674		199,674
Fines and forfeitures		60,000		60,000		89,909		29,909
Charges for services		1,447,000		1,447,000		1,254,131		(192,869)
Other		207,000		207,000		387,564		180,564
Total Revenues	2	2,042,000	_	22,042,000		23,217,879		1,175,879
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		2,945,000		2,945,000		3,190,775		245,775
Public safety		0,843,000		10,843,000		10,437,168		(405,832)
Highways and roads		3,485,000		3,485,000		3,153,115		(331,885)
Culture and recreation		114,000		114,000		84,535		(29,465)
Debt service		114,000		114,000		04,555		(29,403)
Miscellaneous		2,896,000		2,896,000		2,981,210		85,210
Total Expenditures		20,283,000	_	20,283,000		19,846,803		(436,197)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		1,759,000	_	1,759,000		3,371,076		1,612,076
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		241,893		(8,107)
Transfers out	((3,353,000)		(3,353,000)		(3,038,838)		314,162
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	((3,103,000)		(3,103,000)	_	(2,796,945)		306,055
Net Change in Fund Balances	((1,344,000)		(1,344,000)		574,131	\$	1,918,131
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					_	5,597,813		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	6,171,944		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK & RECREATION

	PARK & RECREATION FUND				
				Variance with	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget -	
	Original Final		ACTUAL	Over (Under)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,288,000	\$ 1,288,000	\$ 1,299,517	\$ 11,517	
Interest and rent	20,000	20,000	25,437	5,437	
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	2,031,000	2,031,000	1,978,694	(52,306)	
Other	3,000	3,000	3,338	338	
Total Revenues	3,342,000	3,342,000	3,306,986	(35,014)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Culture and recreation	3,051,000	3,051,000	3,189,055	138,055	
Total Expenditures	3,051,000	3,051,000	3,189,055	138,055	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	291,000	291,000	117,931	(173,069)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(62,000)	(62,000)	(75,178)	(13,178)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(62,000)	(62,000)	(75,178)	(13,178)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	229,000	229,000	42,753	\$ (186,247)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			(27,095)		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 15,658		

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF NET POSITION}}{\text{PROPRIETARY FUNDS}}$

December 31, 2024

		Refuse	Co	ountry Club	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,535,400	\$	418,826	\$ 2,954,226
Accounts receivable		475,736		7,907	483,643
Due from other funds		-		-	-
Inventory				97,819	 97,819
Total Current Assets	_	3,011,136		524,552	 3,535,688
Noncurrent Assets					
Construction in progress		-		15,878	15,878
Capital assets		-		16,392,742	16,392,742
Less accumulated depreciation		-		(4,352,396)	 (4,352,396)
Net Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation				12,056,224	 12,056,224
Right of Use Asset		_		241,829	241,829
Less accumulated amortization		-		(193,464)	(193,464)
Net Right of Use Assets Subject					
to Amortization		_		48,365	 48,365
Total Noncurrent Assets				12,104,589	 12,104,589
Total Assets	\$	3,011,136	\$	12,629,141	\$ 15,640,277
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	838,276	\$	161,232	\$ 999,508
Interest payable		-		69,576	69,576
Due to Other Funds		-		-	-
Unearned Revenue		176,404		416,648	 593,052
Total Current Liabilities		1,014,680		647,456	 1,662,136
Non-current liabilities:					
Due within one year		_		622,530	622,530
Due after one year		_		14,451,774	14,451,774
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		_		15,074,304	 15,074,304
Total Liabilities		1,014,680		15,721,760	16,736,440
NITE POSITION					
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		1 006 456		(2.002.610)	(1,006,162)
Unrestricted	Φ.	1,996,456	Φ.	(3,092,619)	 (1,096,163)
Total Net Position	\$	1,996,456	\$	(3,092,619)	\$ (1,096,163)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Refuse	Country Club	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 7,607,601	\$ 5,145,618	\$ 12,753,219
Other revenues		18,754	18,754
Total Operating Revenues	7,607,601	5,164,372	12,771,973
Operating Expenses			
Solid waste collection and disposal	7,234,211	-	7,234,211
Culture and recreation		4,650,784	4,650,784
Total Operating Expenses	7,234,211	4,650,784	11,884,995
Operating Income Before Depreciation	373,390	513,588	886,978
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		758,517	758,517
Operating Income (Loss)	373,390	(244,929)	128,461
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)			
Intergovernmental revenue	351,692	-	351,692
Interest expense	-	(609,468)	(609,468)
Miscellaneous	-	29,805	29,805
Net earnings on investments	166,009	30,319	196,328
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	517,701	(549,344)	(31,643)
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	891,091	(794,273)	96,818
Operating transfers in	-	498,319	498,319
Operating transfers out	-	-	- -
Total Net Transfers		498,319	498,319
Change in Net Position	891,091	(295,954)	595,137
Net Position - Beginning	1,105,365	(2,796,665)	(1,691,300)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,996,456	\$ (3,092,619)	\$ (1,096,163)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities					
		Refuse		Country Club		Total
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	7,627,347	\$	5,165,301	\$	12,792,648
Cash paid to employees for services		(273,333)		(2,172,254)		(2,445,587)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(6,899,723)		(2,559,911)		(9,459,634)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		454,291		433,136		887,427
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Miscellaneous revenues		-		29,805		29,805
Due from/to funds		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		498,319		498,319
Intergovernmental revenues		351,692				351,692
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		351,692		528,124	_	879,816
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Payments of long-term debt		-		(539,480)		(539,480)
Interest paid on long-term debt		-		(562,523)		(562,523)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets				(148,504)		(148,504)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities			_	(1,250,507)		(1,250,507)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and dividends on investments		166,009		30,319		196,328
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		166,009		30,319		196,328
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		971,992		(258,928)		713,064
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		1,563,408		677,754		2,241,162
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,535,400	\$	418,826	\$	2,954,226
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities						
Net operating income (loss)	\$	373,390	\$	(244,929)	\$	128,461
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities		-		758,517		758,517
(Increase) decrease in receivables		19,746		4,499		24,245
(Increase) decrease in inventory		- ,,		(29,477)		(29,477)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		61,155		(93,422)		(32,267)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		,		41,518		41,518
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-		(3,570)		(3,570)
Net adjustments		80,901		678,065		758,966
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	454,291	\$	433,136	\$	887,427
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS						
	¢		¢	226.542	¢	226 542
Assets acquired under capital leases	Ф		\$	226,542	D	226,542

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF NET POSITION}}{\text{FIDUCIARY FUNDS}}$

December 31, 2024

		Pension		
	Trust			Custodial
	Funds			<u>Funds</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,361,202	\$	566,088
Receivables		158,929		-
Investments				
Money market		840,929		-
DROP account		813,401		-
US Government & agency securities		5,855,863		-
Bond and bond funds		11,706,037		-
Asset backed securities		117,899		-
Equities and stock funds		18,994,368		-
Exchange traded products		15,668,632		
Total Investments		53,997,129		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	55,517,260	<u>\$</u>	566,088
NET POSITION				
Restricted for				
Assets held in trust for pension	\$	55,517,260	\$	-
Developer				566,088
Total net position	\$	55,517,260	\$	566,088

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION}}{\text{FIDUCIARY FUNDS}}$

	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions		
Contributions		
Member contributions	\$ 272,672	\$ -
Employer contributions	659,226	-
State contributions	1,163,938	-
Escrow receipts		104,658
Total Contributions	2,095,836	104,658
Investment Earnings Net appreciation (depreciation) in		
fair value of investments	5,244,159	-
Interest and dividends	86,274	
Total Investment Earnings	5,330,433	
Less investment expense	(191,749)	<u> </u>
Net Investment Earnings	5,138,684	<u> </u>
Total Additions	7,234,520	104,658
Deductions		
Benefits	2,151,270	-
Escrow disbursements	-	378,443
Actuary fees		
Total Deductions	2,151,270	378,443
Change in Net Position	5,083,250	(273,785)
Net Position		
Beginning of Year	50,434,010	839,873
End of Year	\$ 55,517,260	\$ 566,088

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Township of Northampton, County of Bucks, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania was founded in 1722. The Township is a second-class township, which operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general township administration, public safety, code enforcement, sanitation, roads, culture and recreation.

The accounting policies of the Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to governments. The follow is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on the elected officials' accountability to their constituents, and the financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. The criteria used for determining whether an entity should be included, either blended or discretely presented, includes, but is not limited to, fiscal dependency, imposition of will, legal standing, and the primary recipient of services.

Discretely presented component units The Northampton Fire Company is a component units of Northampton Township as the Fire Company is fiscally dependent on the Township. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. Complete financial statements for the individual component units may be obtained at the Township's office for the Northampton Fire Company, 55 Township Road, Richboro, PA 18954.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *park & recreation fund* accounts for the real estate taxes and program revenues related to programs and services provided for residents relating to culture and recreation.

The *capital asset fire fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the purchase of major capital assets for Northampton Township Volunteer Fire Co.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The *debt fire fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of major Township capital facilities and infrastructure.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *refuse fund* accounts for the collection of amounts due from the activities of the Township's refuse activities.

The Country Club fund accounts for the activities of the Northampton Valley Country Club.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *pension trust fund* accounts for the activities of the Police and Non-Uniformed Pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The custodial fund accounts for subdivision/land development and all other types of escrows held by the Township in a custodial capacity.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the governments refuse function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The Refuse fund recognizes collection fees as operating revenue. The Country Club recognizes golf, banquet, and other country club revenues as operating revenues. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include collection and disposal costs and expenses related to the Country Club. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

With the exception of Pension Trust Funds, state law allows the government to invest in obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any agency or instrumentality of either, which are secured by the full faith and credit of such entity. The law also allows for the Government to invest in certificates of deposit of banks, savings and loans, and savings banks both within and outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided such amounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or other like insurance, and that deposits in excess of such insurance are collateralized by the depository.

The state also imposes limitations with respect to the amount of investment in certificates of deposit to the extent that such deposits may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's, or savings bank's assets, net of its liabilities. The government may also invest in shares of registered investment companies, provided that investments of the Company are authorized investments, as noted above.

The government invests in obligations and agencies of the United States of America. These investments are comprised of U.S. Treasury obligations. The government recognizes interest rate risk and extension risk with some of these obligations. The government has stratified their portfolio so that the investments with extension risk are comprised of monies needed on a long-term basis. Investments with interest rate risk are selected so that the risk of interest decline below area saving's accounts rates is minimal.

The law provides that the government's Pension Trust Funds may invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction if determined by the government to be prudent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due to the immaterial nature of uncollectible accounts, all trade and property tax receivables are deemed fully collectible and an allowance has not been recorded.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are billed February 1 and payable under the following terms: a 2% discount February 1 through April 1; face amount April 2 through June 1; and a 10% penalty after June 1. Any unpaid bills at December 31 are subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

4. Leases

The Township is a lessor for various long-term noncancellable lease agreements. The Township recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Township initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

4. Leases (continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the Township determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Township uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any options to extend.
 Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Any variable payments received are based on direct monthly usage and are recognized as revenue when received.

The Township monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the leases receivable.

5. Inventories

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out) in the proprietary funds. It is comprised of food, beverages, chemical supplies and other supplies for the country club.

6. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures for prepayments are recognized during the period benefited by the prepayment.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$7,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

7. Capital Assets (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	45
Buildings and improvements	45
Roads and bridges	75
Storm sewers	75
Lighting	20
Library	3-20
Trucks, vehicles and heavy equipment	5-25

Component unit: Capital assets for the Fire Company are primarily land, building improvements, fire trucks and equipment that have an estimated useful life of 5 to 40 years. The Fire Company currently leases two firehouses from Northampton Township for \$1 per year.

8. Right to Use Assets

The Township has recorded the right to use lease assets. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount to the initial measurement of the related lease liability. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

9. Compensated Absences

The Township has established policies for paying employees, at the time of termination or retirement, for certain accumulated but unused absences. On leaving, an employee will be compensated for all unused sick days up to 960 sick hours for Non-Uniformed Personnel, and up to 960 hours for full time Police Officers employed as of January 1, 1989 and up to 720 hours if employed after that time. The long-term liability was determined by multiplying the accumulated available vacation and sick days, for each employee by the applicable daily rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)
- 11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

The Township has items that qualifies for reporting in these categories:

Change in assumptions is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results when actuarial assumptions are changed. This amount is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results from the actual earnings in the plan either exceeding or falling short of projected earnings. This amount is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.

Difference between expected and actual experience on plan liability is reported in the government-wide statement. A net difference results when actual economic or demographic factors differ from expected results. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds and proprietary funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenues is from property taxes and banquet deposits. These amounts are deferred and recognized in the period that the amounts become available.

Leases are reported in the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred balance results at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. A deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

12. Fund Balance

The governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term notes receivable, and leases receivable net of deferred inflows of resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Township taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

Assigned Fund Balance - includes amounts intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The governing body, the Board of Supervisors, has by resolution authorized the finance committee, or Township Manager and Finance Director to assign fund balance, which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - this residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds; or any residual amounts in the General Fund. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

13. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets - this category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance of this category.

Restricted net position - this category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - this category represents net position of the entity, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

E. Accounting Pronouncement

The adoption of GASB 101, Compensated Absences, had no material effect on the financial statements.

Pending Accounting Pronouncements

GASB has issued statements that will become effective in future years. Management has not yet determined the impact of these statements on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Thirty days prior to the final supervisor's meeting in December, the Board of Supervisors submit a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The proposed operating budget is advertised in the newspaper at least thirty days prior to the final budget hearing. At the last Board of Supervisor's meeting in December, the budget is adopted by resolution. Within 30 days of adoption, the approved budget is advertised in the newspaper as being approved and available for inspection. Budgetary data are included in the Township management information system and are employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and GOB Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All budget revisions require the approval of the Township Board of Supervisors. There were no budget revisions made during the year. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders) outstanding at year end lapse.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2024, expenditures exceeded appropriation in the general fund categories of general government by \$245,775 and miscellaneous category by \$85,210. For the park and recreation fund, expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$138,055. These overexpenditures were funded by greater than budgeted revenues.

C. Deficit Net Position and Fund Balance

The Senior Center fund had a deficit unrestricted fund balance of \$249. The Country Club fund had a deficit unrestricted net position balance of \$3,092,619 These deficit balances are expected to be recovered by future revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Fair Value Measurements. The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024:

	1	Fair Value	<u>Level 1</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
Cash accounts	\$	6,374,805	\$ 6,374,805
Money market		10,191,238	 10,191,238
Total	\$	16,566,043	\$ 16,566,043
FIDUCIARY FUNDS			
Money market	\$	2,202,131	\$ 2,202,131
US Government & agency securities		5,855,863	5,855,863
DROP account		813,401	813,401
Bond and bond funds		11,706,037	11,706,037
Asset backed securities		117,899	117,899
Equities and stock funds		18,994,368	18,994,368
Exchange traded products		15,668,632	 15,668,632
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	55,358,331	\$ 55,358,331

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are considered cash equivalents because of their short maturity dates and are included in deposits. The Township's bank deposits are covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized on a pooled basis as required by the Commonwealth's 2nd Class Township Code. As of December 31, 2024, the government's bank balance was \$16,566,043. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by depository insurance. Any balances exceeding depository insurance are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name.

Component unit: The Fire Company's bank deposits are covered by FDIC insurance. Of the bank balance, all was covered by depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Township can withdraw funds from the external investment pool without limitation or fee upon adequate notice. The investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and has average maturities of less than 30 days. The Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The risks of default are eliminated due to constraints imposed upon allowable investment instruments through state limitations as discussed in Note 1, D, 1.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is that changing interest rates will negatively impact the fair value of the Township's investments in debt securities. The Township has no policy for interest rate risk. Securities subject to interest rate risk for Township fiduciary activities (pension plans) are as follows:

	Maturities in Years							
Fair Value		< 1 year		1-5 years		6-10 years		over 10 years
\$ 5,900,268	\$	1,002	\$	2,211,852	\$	900,802	\$	2,786,612
7,178,417		43,498		475,419		1,400,785		5,258,715
1,681,771		100,217		-		-		1,581,554
2,614,188		156,852		1,584,198		846,997		26,141
 466,892		115,581		125,736		44,501		181,074
\$ 17,841,536	\$	417,150	\$	4,397,205	\$	3,193,085	\$	9,834,096
•	\$ 5,900,268 7,178,417 1,681,771 2,614,188 466,892	\$ 5,900,268 \$ 7,178,417	\$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 7,178,417 43,498 1,681,771 100,217 2,614,188 156,852 466,892 115,581	\$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 \$ 7,178,417 43,498 1,681,771 100,217 2,614,188 156,852 466,892 115,581	Fair Value < 1 year 1-5 years \$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 \$ 2,211,852 7,178,417 43,498 475,419 1,681,771 100,217 - 2,614,188 156,852 1,584,198 466,892 115,581 125,736	Fair Value < 1 year 1-5 years 6 \$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 \$ 2,211,852 \$ 7,178,417 43,498 475,419 1,681,771 100,217 - 2,614,188 156,852 1,584,198 466,892 115,581 125,736	\$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 \$ 2,211,852 \$ 900,802 7,178,417 43,498 475,419 1,400,785 1,681,771 100,217 2,614,188 156,852 1,584,198 846,997 466,892 115,581 125,736 44,501	Fair Value < 1 year 1-5 years 6-10 years 6 \$ 5,900,268 \$ 1,002 \$ 2,211,852 \$ 900,802 \$ 7,178,417 43,498 475,419 1,400,785 1,681,771 100,217 - - - - - 2,614,188 156,852 1,584,198 846,997 466,892 115,581 125,736 44,501 -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk. It is the credit quality rating of debt securities owned by the Township. It is the Township's policy to invest its fiduciary funds in debt security portfolios with a minimum average credit rating of "AAA". Credit ratings for debt and money market fund that are subject to credit risk are as follows:

			Maturities in Years							
]	Fair Value		< 1 year		1-5 years	6	-10 years	(over 10 years
Fiduciary Funds										
US Government Securities	\$	5,900,268	\$	1,002	\$	2,211,852	\$	900,802	\$	2,786,612
Corporate Debt		7,178,417		43,498		475,419		1,400,785		5,258,715
Municipal Debt		1,681,771		100,217		-		-		1,581,554
Fixed Income Funds		2,614,188		156,852		1,584,198		846,997		26,141
Asset Backed Securities		466,892		115,581		125,736		44,501		181,074
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	17,841,536	\$	417,150	\$	4,397,205	\$	3,193,085	\$	9,834,096

Fiduciary Activity (Pension Funds) Investments

Foreign Currency Risk. This is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will negatively impact the fair value of Township investments in foreign equities. The Township has no investment policy for foreign currency risk. As of December 31, 2023, the Township has no fiduciary plan investments subject to foreign currency risk.

Custodial Credit Risk Investments. Township pension funds are administered by two fund managers, First National Bank and Trust Company of Newtown holds and manages 4.7% of total pension plan assets. Goldberg, Yolles, & Lepore Consulting Group (Wells Fargo Advisors custodian) manages 95.3% of total pension plan assets. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the funds custodian, the Township will not be able to recover the value of plan investments or collateral security that are in custodian's possession. The Township does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk for fiduciary investments. Pension plan assets exposed to custodial credit risk are insured by both the Securities Investor Protection Corporation for the first \$500,000 of plan assets for each custodian.

Asset Allocation. It is the policy of the Township to allocate pension fund investments as follows: Equity exposure is set at 70% maximum and 40% minimum; the remainder being invested in fixed income securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial cash deposits and investments

The Township acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Township and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project, except for an administrative handling fee. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Township. At December 31, 2024, \$566,088 represents the balance of these monies held in escrow.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of the year end for the government's individual major funds, non-major funds, business-type fund, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate:

			N	Nonmajor					
	<u>General</u>	Park & creation	a	nd Other <u>Funds</u>	<u>Refuse</u>	(Country <u>Club</u>	iduciary <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$ 2,072,879	\$ 17,306	\$	120,071	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,210,256
Accounts	487,488	2,472		275,788	475,736		7,907	-	1,249,391
Interest	-	-		-	-		-	158,929	158,929
Leases	 2,357,483				 _			 _	2,357,483
Total Receivables	\$ 4,917,850	\$ 19,778	\$	395,859	\$ 475,736	\$	7,907	\$ 158,929	\$ 5,976,059

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Leases

The Township has entered in to various lease agreements for cell tower property rentals. Under these agreements, the Township receives minimum monthly payments. The terms are typically for a period of five years with renewable options for two to five more five years periods through 2043. Escalation rates range from 2% to 3% per year to 15% every 5 years. As of December 31, 2024, the lease receivable for the noncancellable portion and additional options was \$2,357,483 and the deferred inflows of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term was \$1,733,970.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the principal and interest received on long-term noncancellable leases was \$44,766 and \$117,931 respectively.

Amounts receivable are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmental Activities						
December 31	 Principal		Interest				
2025	\$ 50,011	\$	115,557				
2026	55,599		112,912				
2027	61,549		109,980				
2028	68,438		106,736				
2029	76,346		103,104				
2030-2034	556,078		442,069				
2035-2039	818,614		267,318				
2040-2044	543,416		87,509				
2045-2047	 127,432		7,898				
	\$ 2,357,483	\$	1,353,083				

D. Right to Use Leased Asset

The Township has recorded two right to use leased assets for equipment. The related lease is discussed in the leases section of this note. The right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the anticipated term of the related asset.

Right to use asset activity for the Township for the year ended December 31, 2024 is noted below in capital asset activity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

Government-type activities:	F	Beginning Balance		<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,897,956	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,897,956
Construction in progress		11,670,174		964,878	_	10,514,737		2,120,315
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		13,568,130		964,878	_	10,514,737		4,018,271
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		4,412,060		-		-		4,412,060
Buildings and improvements		48,943,815		14,693,300		-		63,637,115
Vehicles and equipment		11,316,931		568,701		973,196		10,912,436
Library		95,201		-		-		95,201
Infrastructure		301,570,420		329,298		-		301,899,718
Total capital assets, being depreciated		366,338,427	_	15,591,299	_	973,196		380,956,530
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		1,838,650		111,115		-		1,949,765
Buildings and improvements		11,945,430		1,846,840		-		13,792,270
Vehicles and equipment		8,114,315		574,129		336,228		8,352,216
Library		82,687		2,456		-		85,143
Infrastructure		153,429,342	_	7,502,519	_			160,931,861
Total accumulated depreciation		175,410,424	_	10,037,059	_	336,228	_	185,111,255
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		190,928,003		5,554,240		636,968	_	195,845,275
Leased Assets		196,800		237,909		-		434,709
Less Accumulated Amortization		157,440	_	79,011	_	-		236,451
Total capital assets, being amortized, net		39,360	_	158,898	_		_	198,258
Total Government Type Capital Assets	\$	204,535,493	\$	6,678,016	\$	11,151,705	\$	200,061,804

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Capital Assets (continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 15,878	\$ -	\$ 15,878
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		15,878		15,878
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Country Club	12,472,974	-	-	12,472,974
Vehicles	24,920	-	-	24,920
Equipment and improvements	3,762,222	132,626	-	3,894,848
Total	16,260,116	132,626		16,392,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Country Club	2,823,664	479,252	-	3,302,916
Truck	20,262	4,658	-	24,920
Equipment and improvements	797,110	227,450		1,024,560
Total accumulated depreciation	3,641,036	711,360		4,352,396
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	12,619,080	(578,734)		12,040,346
Leased Assets	241,829	-	-	241,829
Less Accumulated Amortization	145,098	48,366		193,464
Total capital assets, being amortized, net	96,731	(48,366)	-	48,365
Total Business Type Capital Assets	\$ 12,715,811	\$ (611,222)	\$ -	\$ 12,104,589

Fixed assets for the component unit fire company for the year ended December 31, 2024 consisted of the following:

	<u>2024</u>
Building Improvements	\$ 122,187
Trucks	3,249,215
Equipment	 62,414
Total Fixed Assets	3,433,816
Accumulated Depreciation	 (1,599,027)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 1,834,789

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	62,095
Public Safety		1,626,676
Public Works		7,805,652
Culture and Recreation	_	542,636
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	10,037,059
Business-type Activities		
Culture and Recreation	\$	711,360
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	711,360
Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	14,222
Public Safety		38,715
Culture and Recreation		26,074
Total Amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	79,011
Business type Activities		
Culture and Recreation	\$	48,366
Total Amortization Expense-Business-type Activities	\$	48,366

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

F. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

There are no interfund receivable and payables at year end.

The Township uses unrestricted revenues collected in the various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following amounts:

	Tra	ansfers from		Transfers to		
	<u>O</u>	ther Funds		Other Funds		
General	\$	241,893	\$	3,038,838		
Park & Recreation		-		75,178		
Capital Asset Fire		48,519		1,200,000		
Debt Fire		-		48,519		
Nonmajor Funds		4,536,816		963,012		
Country Club		498,319	_			
Total	\$	5,325,547	\$	5,325,547		

Interfund transfers are primarily the result of:

- (1) Reimbursement of expenses
- (2) Saving for future capital projects

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

G. Leases and notes

The Township leases copiers and golf carts at a rate of \$3,495 per month and \$4,225 per month for the copiers and \$51,846/year for the golf carts. These noncancelable leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.6% for the golf carts which is the stated rate of interest in the lease and 5% for the copiers which is the Township's long-term borrowing rate at the date of lease implementation.

The government leases other pieces of office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total liabilities under these leases are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

<u>Notes</u>

The Township purchases equipment through other capital notes. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum capital note and lease payments as of December 31, 2024, were as follows:

Year	Governmenta	ıl A	ctivities	Business Type Activities					
Ending Dec 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		 Principal		<u>Interest</u>			
2025	\$ 556,993	\$	34,127	\$ 114,791	\$	7,033			
2026	501,537		20,537	103,362		4,232			
2027	77,139		8,588	 9,937		1,770			
Total	\$ 1,135,669	\$	63,252	\$ 228,090	\$	13,035			

H. Debt

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities and the purchase of the country club. The original amount of general obligation bonds and notes issued was \$64,220,000 and \$3,861,000, respectively.

General obligation bonds and notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The bonds are generally issued as 10 - 20 year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on all Funds</u> (Continued)

H. Debt (continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	
<u>Purpose</u>	Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities	2.0 to 5.0%	\$ 46,828,026
Business-type Activities:	1.9 to 4.0%	\$ 14,631,974

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			
December 31	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 1,824,107	\$	1,792,590	\$	450,893	\$	544,991
2026	1,883,766		1,731,649		471,234		529,689
2027	1,966,816		1,648,140		488,184		511,670
2028	2,038,084		1,576,645		511,916		491,668
2029	2,127,743		1,485,778		532,257		470,785
2030-2034	11,976,480		6,100,452		2,993,520		2,023,371
2035-2039	10,189,540		3,796,651		4,600,460		1,360,950
2040-2044	11,096,490		1,771,763		4,583,510		376,037
2045-2046	 3,725,000		150,300				
	\$ 46,828,026	\$	20,053,968	\$	14,631,974	\$	6,309,161

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Year	Governmenta	ıl A	ctivities	Business Type Activities			
Ending Dec 31	Principal		Interest		Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 556,993	\$	34,127	\$	114,791	\$	7,033
2026	501,537		20,537		103,362		4,232
2027	 77,139		8,588		9,937		1,770
Total	\$ 1,135,669	\$	63,252	\$	228,090	\$	13,035

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on all Funds</u> (Continued)

H. Debt (continued)

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Ι	Beginning Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	48,587,304	\$	-	\$	1,759,278	\$	46,828,026	\$ 1,824,107
Deferred amounts:									
For issuance premiums		4,939,915		-		218,493		4,721,422	-
For issuance discounts		(1,062,086)				(67,284)		(994,802)	-
Total bonds payable		52,465,133		-		1,910,487		50,554,646	1,824,107
Notes payable		1,431,926		310,893		607,150		1,135,669	556,993
Lease payable		60,740		237,909		56,379		242,270	61,514
Net pension liability		5,327,960		5,322,084		7,214,995		3,435,049	-
Total OPEB liability		2,946,216		292,655		2,684		3,236,187	-
Compensated absences		4,318,307		504,454		-		4,822,761	125,000
Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	66,550,282	\$	6,667,995	\$	9,791,695	\$	63,426,582	\$ 2,567,614
	F	Beginning						Ending	ue Within
		Balance	_	Additions	R	eductions	_	Balance	 One Year
Business-type Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	15,072,696	\$	-	\$	440,722	\$	14,631,974	\$ 450,893
Deferred amounts:									
For issuance premiums		79,859		-		4,203		75,656	-
For issuance discounts		(56,859)				(2,993)		(53,866)	
Total bonds payable		15,095,696		-		441,932		14,653,764	450,893
Notes payable		276,804		-		48,714		228,090	114,791
Lease payable		101,890		-		50,044		51,846	51,846
Compensated absences		99,086		41,518				140,604	 5,000
	\$	15,573,476	\$	41,518	\$	540,690	\$	15,074,304	\$ 622,530

Debt service for general obligation bonds are funded primarily from real estate taxes for governmental activities and charges for service in the business type activities. Any liabilities for compensated absences and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. The liabilities related to the business type activities of the Country Club will be liquidated by the Country Club.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

H. Debt (continued)

In 2018, the Township entered into a Purchase Money Promissory Note with the Authority in the sum of \$650,000, without interest, and shall be payable in full within 25 years from the July 11, 2018. The Authority recorded a discount on the note based on the Township's long-term borrowing rate of 3.67% totaling \$386,011. The discount is amortized each year. The balance at December 31, 2024 is \$322,279.

Component Unit-Debt

In 2024, the Fire Company obtained a \$798,000 loan from the Northampton Township Volunteer Fire Company Relief Association to finance the acquisition of a new fire truck. Loan is due in seven annual installments of principal plus interest at 3%. The payments will be provided by Northampton Township which, in 2025 will increase the Municipal funding by the amount of the payment. The loan is secured by Northampton Township's Fire Capital Fund. Future maturities of the debt are as follows:

For the year ended	
2025	\$ 104,144
2026	107,268
2027	110,486
2028	113,801
2029	117,215
Thereafter	 245,086
	\$ 798,000

NOTE 4. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley public entity risk pools. Trust underwriting and rate-setting policies are established after consultation with independent insurance consultants. Any member may withdraw from the Trusts by giving 150-days written notice to the Executive Committee. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. There were not significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

Delaware Valley Property & Liability Trust - The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$611,913. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2024 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead, the pool declared a dividend of which Northampton's share was \$12,920.

Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT) - The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$576,316. The Trust declared a dividend in 2024. Northampton Township's share of the dividend distribution was \$52,829. As the result of the 2023 payroll audit, Northampton Township received \$21,444. At December 31, 2024, there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead, an audit of the reported 2024 payroll will be performed during the first quarter of 2025.

Delaware Valley Health Trust - The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$3,621,569. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2024 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which are currently likely to materially affect the financial position of the Township.

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Township sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans, the Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniformed Pension Plan. These plans are reported as Pension Trust Funds in the accompanying financial statements and do not issue stand-alone reports. The plans are administered by the Township. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2023. Details below are from the valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Police Pension Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full-time uniformed police officers of the Township. An employee enters the plan on the day he becomes a full-time police officer.

Non-Uniformed Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full-time permanent, non-uniformed employees of the Township who join the Plan on the first day of the month coincident with or following the completion of one year of service and attainment of age 21.

The Pension Plans are controlled by the provisions of Ordinance No. 2010-548, as amended, adopted pursuant to Act 581. The Plans are governed by the Board of Supervisors which is responsible for the management of the plan assets. The Board of Supervisors has appointed a Pension Committee for each plan as the official bodies to which all related investment matters of the Funds are delegated. Each Pension Committee consists of three members, one member of the Board of Supervisors, one person appointed by the Board of Supervisors, and one participant in the plan. The Board of Supervisors has delegated the authority to manage the plans assets to Fidelity Investments, Goldberg, Yolles & Lapore LLC. The Custodian is First Clearing Corporation. All full-time police and non-uniform employees participate in the plans. Neither of the plans prepares individual stand-alone financial statements.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2024, Northampton Township Pension Plans consisted of the following:

		Non-
	<u>Police</u>	<u>Uniformed</u>
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)		
currently receiving benefits **	43	44
Inactive employees entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	2	22
Active employees	<u>40</u>	<u>32</u>
	<u>85</u>	<u>98</u>

^{**} The Police Plan includes 4 members in DROP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided

Police Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to all full-time members of the police force as of their date of hire. All benefits vest after 12 years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with 25 years of credited service are entitled to monthly retirement benefit, payable for life, in an amount equal to 50% of their average eligible monthly compensation received during the last 36 months of employment plus a service increment of 1/40 of the normal retirement benefit for each year of service in excess of 25 years, up to a maximum of \$100. If hired before January 1, 1992, an employee can retire after age 50. A member who completes at least 20 years of service and terminates prior to reaching the normal retirement may receive an immediate pension. The pension is the accrued pension, reduced by an actuarial factor to account for early payment. If a participant continues working after their normal retirement date, their pension does not start until they actually retire. The late retirement benefit is the benefit accrued to the late retirement date. A disability pension is available to participants disabled in the line of duty. The disability pension is equal to 50% of the member's monthly salary at the time of disability. If an active member is killed in the line of duty, the Plan provides a monthly death benefit to the surviving spouse, or eligible child equal to 50% of the member's monthly salary at the time of death. If a member is eligible for retirement at the time of death, a monthly death benefit is payable to the surviving spouse, or eligible child, equal to 50% of the monthly benefit the member would have been receiving had they been retired at the time of death.

A Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") is available to the Township's police officers who have fulfilled the age and service requirements of the Police Pension Plan as described in the above paragraph. An active member who has met the eligibility requirements for the program, which are age 50 and 25 years of service, may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option program for a period of at least one year, but not more than three years. Monthly pension shall be calculated as of the date of participation in the program.

Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Normal retirement age is 65. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly during the participant's lifetime. The amount of monthly pension is equal to, if hired before January 1, 1994, the greater of A or B. If hired after January 1, 1994, B. A) A benefit equal to 1% of Final Monthly Average Salary (FMAS) up to \$1,000 plus 1.75% of FMAS in excess of \$1,000, multiplied by years of service prior to normal retirement date. The benefit shall not be less than \$10/month for each year of service. B) A monthly benefit equal to 1.5% FMAS multiplied by years of service, up to a maximum of 30 years, plus 1.0% of FMAS multiplied by years of service in excess of 30 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

If a participant continues working after the normal retirement date, the pension does not start until the participant actually retires. The late retirement benefit is the greater of the benefit accrued to the retirement date or the actuarial equivalent of the normal retirement benefit. Early retirement is available after age 55 and 10 years of service. The early retirement benefit is the pension accrued to the date of early retirement reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date. A death benefit is payable to a participant's surviving spouse, or beneficiary in an amount equal to the present value of their accrued benefit.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of Accounting: Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and member contributions are recognized as when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the Plan. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. The net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value of investments is recorded as an increase/(decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments. The entire expense of Plan administration is charged against the earnings of the Plan. Investment earnings are reduced for investment management fees, portfolio evaluation, custodial services, and actuarial services, as required by state statutes.

Method Used to Value Investments: Pension Plan investments are reported by the custodian at fair value. Fixed income securities are reported at market value, investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed income securities are recognized on the transaction date. Market related value of assets is used to determine the indicated contribution.

Contributions

Member contributions are determined each year according to funding needs. For Police, 5% member contributions were required in 2024. For Non-uniform, no member contributions were required in 2024. If an actuarial study shows that the condition of the Plan is such that payments may be reduced below the minimum percentages, or eliminated, the Township may, on an annual basis, by resolution, reduce or eliminate payments into the Police Pension Plan by participants. Administration costs and investment costs of the Plan are financed through an addition to the Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions (continued)

The Township is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Pension Fund. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law. The Pension Plans funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The Township's annual required contribution is equal to its minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") as calculated in accordance with Pennsylvania law (Act 205 of 1984) less state aid and employee contributions deposited in the pension fund during the year. State law requires that state aid be used first to fund the Plan, then employee contributions and finally general Township funds. The Township received state aid, which is recognized as revenue and expenses, in the amount of \$1,163,938 for the pensions for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Investments

Investment Policy: The pension Board, with the assistance of Goldberg, Yolles & Lapore LLC., shall select the appropriate asset weighting percentage to be allocated to each specific asset class. Each asset class shall consist of a combination of investment options that have been made available to obtain the absolute investment objective of the fund. Investments shall be diversified with the intent to minimize the risk of large investment losses. Consequently, the total portfolio will be constructed and maintained to provide prudent diversification with regard to the concentration of holdings in investment funds specializing in individual issues, issuers, countries, governments or industries.

Rate of Return: For the year ended December 31, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expense was 10.45% for Police and 10.56% for Non-Uniform. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of participating entities at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	No	n-Uniformed
Total pension liability	\$ 37,849,339	\$	21,083,446
Plan fiduciary net position	(35,294,038)		(20,203,698)
Net pension liability	\$ 2,555,301	\$	879,748
Plan fiduciary net position as a			
percentage of the total pension liability	93.2%		95.8%

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Police	Non-Uniformed	
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	
Salary Increases	5.0%	5.0%	(average, including inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%	7.5%	(including inflation)
Postretirement Cost of Living Increase	2.0%	2.0%	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2010 mortality table, including rates for disabled retirees and contingent survivors. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally using Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2022.

The net pension liability for the Plans was measured as of January 1, 2023 and rolled forward to the reporting date using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement. There were no changes to assumptions or benefit terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	41%	5.50% - 7.50%
International Equity	19%	4.50% -6.50%
Fixed Income	35%	1.00-3.00%
Alternative Investments	5%	4.50% -6.50%
Cash	0%	0.00% -1.00%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent for both Police and Non-Uniformed. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The employer has always met the funding requirements of Pennsylvania law Act 205 of 1984. Act 205 requires full funding of the entry age normal cost-plus plan expenses, as well as amortization of the unfunded liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension			ın Fiduciary	Net Pension	
		<u>Liability</u>	N	et Position		<u>Liability</u>
Police Pension Plan						
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	35,517,683	\$	32,033,970	\$	3,483,713
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		746,131		-		746,131
Interest		2,840,487		-		2,840,487
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Change of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		1,003,293		(1,003,293)
Contributions - employee		-		272,672		(272,672)
Net investment income		-		3,239,065		(3,239,065)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,254,962)		(1,254,962)		-
Administrative expense		-		-		-
Other changes		-				
Net Changes		2,331,656		3,260,068		(928,412)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	37,849,339	\$	35,294,038	\$	2,555,301
		Iı	ncre	ase (Decrease	e)	
	To	tal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Pension
		<u>Liability</u>	N	et Position		<u>Liability</u>
Non-Uniformed Pension Plan						
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	20,244,288	_			
Change for the second		20,244,200	\$	18,400,041	\$	1,844,247
Changes for the year:		20,244,200	\$	18,400,041	\$	1,844,247
Service cost		233,261	\$	18,400,041	\$	1,844,247 233,261
•			\$	18,400,041 - -	\$	
Service cost		233,261	\$	18,400,041 - - -	\$	233,261
Service cost Interest		233,261	\$	- - - -	\$	233,261
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms		233,261	\$	18,400,041 - - - - -	\$	233,261
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		233,261	\$	18,400,041 - - - - - 819,871	\$	233,261
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		233,261	\$	- - - -	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - -
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer		233,261	\$	- - - -	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - -
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee		233,261	\$	- - - - 819,871	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - - (819,871)
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income		233,261 1,502,205 - - - - -	\$	- - - 819,871 - 1,880,094	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - - (819,871)
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		233,261 1,502,205 - - - - -		- - - 819,871 - 1,880,094	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - - (819,871)
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	<u>-</u>	233,261 1,502,205 - - - - -		- - - 819,871 - 1,880,094	\$	233,261 1,502,205 - - (819,871) - (1,880,094) -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of participating entities calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease		Discount		Increase	
	(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)		<u>(8.5%)</u>		
Net Pension Liability						
Police	\$ 7,116,632	\$	2,555,301	\$	(1,237,230)	
Non-uniformed	3,101,192		879,748		(1,006,605)	

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources: For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Township recognized pension expense of \$1,019,519 for Police Pension and \$157,701 for Non-Uniformed Pension. At December 31, 2024, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Police Pension				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	597,054	
Changes in assumptions	89,942		-	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	 662,001			
Total	\$ 751,943	\$	597,054	
Non-Uniformed Pension				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	535,116	
Changes in assumptions	39,040		-	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	 352,822			
Total	\$ 391,862	\$	535,116	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended				
December 31:	Police		Non-Uniformed	
2025	\$	411,468	\$	88,600
2026		732,880		250,121
2027		(733,075)		(381,382)
2028		(211,762)		(100,593)
2029		(44,622)		
Total	\$	154,889	\$	(143,254)

Payable to the Pension Plan: For the year ended December 31, 2024, there was no amount payable for contributions to the pension plan.

Deferred Retirement Option Program

The Police Pension Plan offers a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) to officers who are eligible to retire. A member is eligible to enter the DROP program on or after his normal retirement date. The DROP program member's retirement benefit is frozen and his retirement benefit payments will be deposited into an account that will be credited with interest and paid to the participant in a lump sum at his actual retirement in addition to his monthly pension payments. As of December 31, 2024, the DROP account balance of \$600,684 is held by the plan pursuant to the DROP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

Description of the Police OPEB Plan

The Township administers a single employer defined benefit plan to provide for certain postretirement healthcare benefits for the police. The OPEB Plan is governed by the Board of Supervisors.

The plan is administered by the Township. As of December 31, 2024, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GAS Statement No. 75. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2023. Details below are from the valuation.

In accordance with the Police Labor Contract effective January 1, 2007, the Township implemented a post-retirement healthcare benefit plan for police employees who retire from the Township. All officers will be eligible for coverage upon retirement after reaching the minimum age of 55 years and the completion of 25 years of service if hired after January 1, 1992 and age 50 with 25 years of service if hired prior to January 1, 1992. A retired officer's spouse, surviving spouse as long as they has not remarried, are also eligible for coverage under the plan. Plan benefits may be amended through Police Labor Contracts.

The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided

The Township will pay for medical insurance (including prescription drug coverage) and dental insurance for the first four years after retirement and for a spouse's first year after retirement. However, the employer cost will be limited to the single or couple premium in effect at retirement. After expiration of the employer covered benefits, the retiree and/or spouse may stay on the insurance at their own cost until Medicare eligibility.

Funding Policy

The premium payment is limited to the premium cost of the coverage as of the date the employee retires. This benefit is funded on a pay as you go basis. There are no legal or contractual requirements for employer contributions to the plan.

Beginning with the second year of post-retirement coverage, retiree will pay any premium increases over the base cost of coverage that was in effect at his or her date of retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2024, the most recent actuarial valuation, plan membership is as follows:

	<u>OPEB</u>
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)	
currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving them	0
Active employees	<u>42</u>
	<u>46</u>

The Township's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary	5% (including inflation)
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.0% in 2025 with 0.5% decrease per year until 5.5% in 2028. Rates gradually
	decrease from 5.4% in 2029 to 4.0% in 2075 and later based on the Society of
	Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. Dental/Vision 4% per year.
Pension Retirement Age	If hired before January 1, 1992, age 54 with 29 years of service or age 62 at
	26 to 28 years of service.
	If hired on or after January 1, 1992, age 58 with 29 years of service or age 62 at
	26 to 28 years of service.

The discount rate was based on the high quality long-term municipal bond rate published by the Federal Reserve as of the valuation date.

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for disabled retirees and contingent survivors. Incorporated into the tables are rates projected generationally using Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.

The following assumptions were changed since the last valuation. The discount rate changed from 4.00% to 4.28%. The trend assumption was updated. The per capita claims cost stratification method was updated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (continued)

The following benefit terms were changed since the last valuation. Each year's loss (or gain) is recognized over a closed period, using the average of the expected remaining service lives of all active and inactive employees that are currently receiving a benefit or may be eligible to receive a benefit in the future.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

•	Increase (Decrease			
	Total OPEB			
	<u>Liability</u>			
OPEB Plan				
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	2,946,216		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		171,593		
Interest		121,062		
Changes in benefit terms		-		
Changes in assumptions		(16,539)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		182,341		
Benefit payments		(168,486)		
Net Changes		289,971		
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	3,236,187		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.28 percent, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	(3.28%)	;	Rate (4.28)	<u>(5.28%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,452,280	\$	3,236,187	\$ 3,031,408

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Township, as well as what the Township's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (see assumption table for healthcare cost trend rate):

		Valuation	Valuation	1	/aluation
	:	Rates -1%	<u>Rates</u>	<u>R</u>	Cates +1%
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,930,936	\$ 3,236,187	\$	3,592,769

The schedules of changes in the OPEB liability are presented as required supplementary information ("RSI") following the notes to the financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Township recognized OPEB expense of \$241,785. At December 31, 2024, there deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are as follows:

Deferre	d Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
of Re	esources	of Resources		
\$	252,339	\$	406,538	
	112,166		550,784	
\$	364,505	\$	957,322	
	of Re	of Resources \$ 252,339 112,166	\$ 252,339 \$ 112,166	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	G	overnmental-
Year Ended		Activities
December 31:		OPEB
2025	\$	(50,870)
2026		(50,870)
2027		(50,870)
2028		(50,870)
2029		(53,082)
Thereafter		(336,255)
Total	\$	(592,817)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

E. Risks and Uncertainties

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

In July 2023, the Township's former trash hauler instituted litigation against the Township seeking damages totaling \$312,282.46. The amount represents approximately \$176,000 the Township withheld from payment of services due to contract violations and the balance is due to other assorted claims. The Township believes there are no merits to any of the alleged claims and will vigorously defend the lawsuit.

In March 2024, a service provider asserted a claim in the amount of \$113,825. The Township disputes this claim and the parties are in negotiation.

In the normal course of business, there are other relatively minor claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which materially affect the financial position of the Township.

F. Commitments

The Township is finishing the construction of two fire houses. Construction commitments remaining from these projects total \$1,264,133 at year end. The Township has also committed to purchase body cameras and police car cameras. The amounts will be paid off over 4 years and total \$214,244.

G. Subsequent events

The Township has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date of this report, which is the date the statements were available for release. No items were noted for disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Required Supplemental Information - Police Pension Plan

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS-}{\text{POLICE PENSION PLAN}}$

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 746,131	\$ 710,601	\$ 679,652	\$ 647,288
Interest	2,840,487	2,656,358	2,338,285	2,276,741
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(438,244)	-	(827,097)
Changes of assumptions	-	125,920	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,254,962)	(1,429,890)	 (1,174,377)	 (1,147,091)
Net change in total pension liability	2,331,656	1,624,745	1,843,560	949,841
Total pension liability - beginning	35,517,683	33,892,938	32,049,378	31,099,537
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 37,849,339	\$ 35,517,683	\$ 33,892,938	\$ 32,049,378
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,003,293	\$ 1,013,384	\$ 893,812	\$ 1,097,770
Contributions - employee	272,672	259,253	247,432	246,132
Net investment income	3,239,065	4,665,113	(5,427,418)	3,509,626
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,254,962)	(1,429,890)	(1,174,377)	(1,147,091)
Administrative expense	-	-	-	(101,849)
Other				-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,260,068	4,507,860	(5,460,551)	3,604,588
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	32,033,970	27,526,110	 32,986,661	 29,382,073
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 35,294,038	\$ 32,033,970	\$ 27,526,110	\$ 32,986,661
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,555,301	\$ 3,483,713	\$ 6,366,828	\$ (937,283)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.2%	90.2%	81.2%	102.9%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,202,548	\$ 5,158,050	\$ 5,031,891	\$ 4,693,872
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	49.1%	67.5%	126.5%	-20.0%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses	10.45%	16.88%	-25.73%	12.03%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2023

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
\$	597,819 2,214,356	\$	569,351 2,097,590	\$	518,869 2,041,520	\$	494,161 1,933,198	\$	477,534 1,821,268	\$	487,208 1,728,973
	-		(847,387)		-		- (571,070) 751,373		-		-
	(1,256,441)		(1,024,787)		(1,007,279)		(1,008,271)		(998,558)		(954,062)
_	1,555,734	_	794,767	_	1,553,110	_	1,599,391	_	1,300,244	_	1,262,119
	29,543,803		28,749,036		27,195,926		25,596,535		24,296,291		23,034,172
\$	31,099,537	\$	29,543,803	\$	28,749,036	\$	27,195,926	\$	25,596,535	\$	24,296,291
\$	984,333	\$	955,101	\$	854,000	\$	833,727	\$	861,904	\$	935,752
	240,816		237,641		222,306		208,622		202,677		210,328
	2,943,310		4,254,701		(1,351,722)		2,819,161		1,375,025		(397,947)
	(1,256,441)		(1,024,787)		(1,007,279)		(1,008,271)		(998,558)		(954,062)
	(80,877)		(85,649)		(78,242)		(86,249)		(70,546)		(76,228)
	2,831,141		4,337,007		(1,360,937)		2,766,990		1,370,502		(282,157)
	26,550,932		22,213,925		23,574,862		20,807,872		19,437,370		19,719,527
\$	29,382,073	\$	26,550,932	\$	22,213,925	\$	23,574,862	\$	20,807,872	\$	19,437,370
\$	1,717,464	\$	2,992,871	\$	6,535,111	\$	3,621,064	\$	4,788,663	\$	4,858,921
	94.5%		89.9%		77.3%		86.7%		81.3%		80.0%
\$	4,834,046	\$	4,539,717	\$	4,446,895	\$	4,205,973	\$	3,989,739	\$	4,079,367
	35.5%		65.9%		147.0%		86.1%		120.0%		119.1%
	11.23%		19.43%		-5.76%		13.62%		7.04%		-2.02%

Required Supplemental Information - Police Pension Plan

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION PLAN

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	De	etuarially termined ntribution	nined Employer		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	935,752	\$	935,752	\$	-	\$	4,079,367	22.94%
2016		853,878		861,905		(8,027)		3,989,739	21.60%
2017		833,727		833,727		-		4,205,973	19.82%
2018		853,433		854,000		(567)		4,446,895	19.20%
2019		955,096		955,101		(5)		4,539,717	21.04%
2020		984,310		984,333		(23)		4,834,046	20.36%
2021		1,097,770		1,097,770		-		4,693,872	23.39%
2022		893,812		893,812		-		5,031,891	17.76%
2023		1,013,383		1,013,384		(1)		5,158,050	19.65%
2024		1,003,293		1,003,293		-		5,202,548	19.28%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2021

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining amortization period 5 years

Asset valuation method Smoothed value with a corridor of 80% to 120% of market value

Inflation 3%

Projected salary increases 5%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.5%

Retirement age Earlier of age 65 or age 63 and 30 years of service.

Mortality Rates were based on the RP-2014 Table, with 50% Blue Collar

Adjustiment and rates set forward 5 years for disabled members. Mortality improvement reates are derived from the Long-Range

Demographic Assumptions for the 2015 Social Security

Administration's Trustee Report.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2023

Required Supplemental Information - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

<u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN</u>

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 233,261	\$ 224,237	\$	308,253	\$	293,574
Interest	1,502,205	1,439,256		1,439,821		1,364,649
Changes of benefit terms	-	-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(1,028,717)		-		(851,045)
Changes of assumptions	-	78,080		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(896,308)	(770,089)		(671,827)		(657,509)
Net change in total pension liability	839,158	(57,233)		1,076,247		149,669
Total pension liability - beginning	20,244,288	20,301,521		19,225,274		19,075,605
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 21,083,446	\$ 20,244,288	\$	20,301,521	\$	19,225,274
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 819,871	\$ 823,961	\$	880,024	\$	973,771
Contributions - employee	-	-		-		-
Net investment income	1,880,094	2,587,849		(2,950,464)		1,918,094
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(896,308)	(770,089)		(671,827)		(657,509)
Administrative expense	-	-		-		(56,202)
Other	-	-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,803,657	2,641,721		(2,742,267)		2,178,154
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	18,400,041	15,758,320		18,500,587		16,322,433
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 20,203,698	\$ 18,400,041	\$	15,758,320	\$	18,500,587
Tain neaching net position craining (b)	Ψ 20,203,090	φ 10,100,011	Ψ	13,730,320	Ψ	10,500,507
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 879,748	\$ 1,844,247	\$	4,543,201	\$	724,687
Plan fiduciary not position as a paraentage of the total						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.8%	90.9%		77.6%		96.2%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,885,146	\$ 3,179,351	\$	2,975,475	\$	3,577,525
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	30.5%	58.0%		152.7%		20.3%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses	10.56%	16.73%		-25.71%		11.89%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2023

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ 318,629 1,354,955	\$ 333,377 1,280,944	\$ 355,587 1,227,862	\$ 338,654 1,151,841	\$ 335,522 1,036,959	\$ 341,598 972,524
-	(330,661)	-	(379,098)	-	_
-	-	-	1,011,734	-	-
 (678,554)	 (549,313)	 (497,282)	 (490,455)	 (463,034)	 (435,288)
995,030	734,347	1,086,167	1,632,676	909,447	878,834
 18,080,575	 17,346,228	 16,260,061	 14,627,385	 13,717,938	 12,839,104
\$ 19,075,605	\$ 18,080,575	\$ 17,346,228	\$ 16,260,061	\$ 14,627,385	\$ 13,717,938
\$ 929,407	\$ 929,510	\$ 762,000	\$ 767,088 -	\$ 801,499 -	\$ 780,088
1,594,254	2,289,288	(739,182)	1,428,195	660,603	(189,522)
(678,554)	(549,313)	(497,282)	(490,455)	(463,034)	(435,288)
(50,923)	(49,935)	(43,104)	(46,637)	(36,810)	(43,739)
 	 	 	 	 	 -
1,794,184	2,619,550	(517,568)	1,658,191	962,258	111,539
 14,528,249	 11,908,699	 12,426,267	 10,768,076	 9,805,818	 9,694,279
\$ 16,322,433	\$ 14,528,249	\$ 11,908,699	\$ 12,426,267	\$ 10,768,076	\$ 9,805,818
\$ 2,753,172	\$ 3,552,326	\$ 5,437,529	\$ 3,833,794	\$ 3,859,309	\$ 3,912,120
85.6%	80.4%	68.7%	76.4%	73.6%	71.5%
\$ 3,515,707	\$ 3,487,914	\$ 3,864,377	\$ 3,743,396	\$ 3,721,891	\$ 4,034,906
78.3%	101.8%	140.7%	102.4%	103.7%	97.0%
11.06%	19.28%	-5.98%	13.20%	6.64%	-1.97%

Required Supplemental Information - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Actual Determined Employer Contribution Contribution		Defi	ribution ciency cess)	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2015	\$	780,088	\$ 780,088	\$	-	\$ 4,034,906	19.33%
2016		794,035	801,499		(7,464)	3,721,891	21.53%
2017		767,088	767,088		-	3,743,396	20.49%
2018		761,231	762,000		(769)	3,864,377	19.72%
2019		929,489	929,510		(21)	3,487,914	26.65%
2020		929,371	929,407		(36)	3,515,707	26.44%
2021		973,771	973,771		-	3,577,525	27.22%
2022		880,024	880,024		-	2,975,475	29.58%
2023		823,961	823,961		-	3,179,351	25.92%
2024		819,871	819,871		-	2,885,146	28.42%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2021

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining amortization period 6 years

Asset valuation method Smoothed value with a corridor of 80% to 120% of market value

Inflation 3%

Projected salary increases 5%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.5%

Retirement age Earlier of age 65 or age 63 and 30 years of service.

Mortality Rates were based on the RP-2014 Table, rates set forward 5 years

for disabled members. Mortality improvement reates are derived from the Long-Range Demographic Assumptions for the 2015 Social

Security Administration's Trustee Report.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2023

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE OPEB PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2024	2023		<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$ 171,593	\$	153,780	\$	209,048	\$	202,959
Interest	121,062		122,901		120,610		114,465
Differences between expected and actual experience	182,341		-		(528,500)		67,009
Changes in benefit terms	-		-		-		918,246
Changes of assumptions	(16,539)		94,724		(696,309)		8,326
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (168,486)		(268,277)		(145,028)		(92,703)
Net change in total OPEB liability	289,971		103,128		(1,040,179)		1,218,302
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,946,216	_	2,843,088		3,883,267	_	2,664,965
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 3,236,187	\$	2,946,216	\$	2,843,088	\$	3,883,267
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
OPEB liability	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,412,400	\$	4,942,225	\$	4,942,225	\$	4,834,046
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	59.8%		59.6%		57.5%		80.3%

Notes to Schedule:

Annual salary increases assumed to be 5.0%.

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate changed from 4.00% to 4.28% in 2024. The trend assumption was updated.

Changes of Benefit Terms: Each year's loss (or gain) is recognized over a closed period, using the average of the expected remaining service lives of all active and inactive employees that are currently receiving a benefit or may be eligible to receive a benefit in the future.

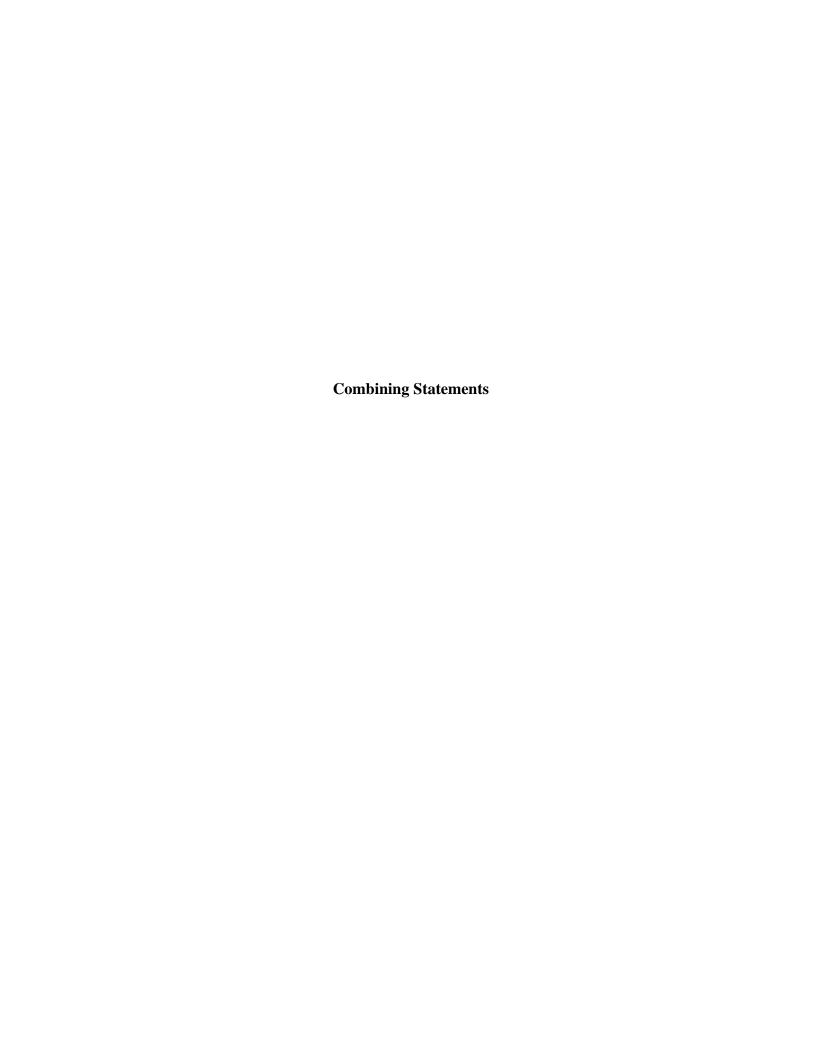
These figures are based on estimated benefit payments.

These amounts may be adjusted for actual benefit payments made during the year.

Note on Cumulative Information:

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively as the above information for the preceding years is not readily available. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
\$ 126,142 96,703	\$ 122,766 89,849	\$	111,764 77,953	\$ 108,773 73,772
-	100,050		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	60,362		-	-
 (20,779)	 (45,445)		(42,370)	 (105,166)
202,066	327,582		147,347	77,379
 2,462,899	 2,135,317	_	1,987,970	 1,910,591
\$ 2,664,965	\$ 2,462,899	\$	2,135,317	\$ 1,987,970
0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
\$ 4,786,606	\$ 4,539,717	\$	3,989,739	\$ 3,989,739
55.7%	54.3%		53.5%	49.8%



$\frac{\text{COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

					S	pecial Rev	enu	e Funds				
		nbulance Squad	F	Fire Protection		Library		Senior Center	Hi	ghway Aid Fund		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>	_	Squaa		Totection	_	Liorary	_	Contor	_	Tuna	_	10111
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,789	\$	515,346	\$	168,032	\$	15,698	\$	586,650	\$	1,311,515
Taxes receivable		7,973		31,891		20,357		-		-		60,221
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses	_			41,433	_				_			41,433
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	33,762	\$	588,670	\$	188,389	\$	15,698	\$	586,650	\$	1,413,169
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	-	\$	299,598	\$	55,266	\$	15,947	\$	-	\$	370,811
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		299,598	_	55,266		15,947		-	_	370,811
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		6,118		24,473		15,072		-		-		45,663
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,118		24,473		15,072		-		-	_	45,663
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable-prepaid items		-		41,433		-		-		-		41,433
Restricted for												
Public safety		27,644		223,166		_		_		_		250,810
Public works		-		-		_		_		586,650		586,650
Transportation impact fee		_		-		_		_		-		-
Culture and recreation		_		_		118,051		_		_		118,051
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for												
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		_		_		-		(249)		_		(249)
Total Fund Balances		27,644		264,599		118,051		(249)		586,650		996,695
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	S											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	33,762	\$	588,670	\$	188,389	\$	15,698	\$	586,650	\$	1,413,169

	Capital Projects Funds										Total Nonmajor					
	pital Asset ecreation	Capital Reserve	GOB-201 Fund		Road Maintenance		pital Road quipment		Capital set Library	tal Asset nior Ctr		Total	De	GOB bt Service	Governmental Funds	
\$	351,532	\$ 937,976 - 152,320 -	\$ 67 - 123,46		214,150 5,315	\$	221,803 6,063 -	\$	34,771	\$ - - - -	\$	1,760,905 11,378 275,788	\$	800,349 48,472 -	\$	3,872,769 120,071 275,788 41,433
\$	351,532	#########	\$ 124,14	1 \$	219,465	\$	227,866	\$	34,771	\$ -	\$	2,048,071	\$	848,821	\$	4,310,061
\$	16,005 121,325	\$ 355,844 204,348	\$ - 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$	371,849 325,673	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	742,660 325,673
	137,330	560,192		= =	-					 		697,522			-	1,068,333
					4,079		4,653			 	_	8,732		37,197		91,592
_					4,079		4,653			 -	_	8,732		37,197		91,592
	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		41,433
	-	135,696	124,14	1	-		-		-	-		259,837		-		510,647
	-	-	-		215,386		223,213		-	-		438,599		-		1,025,249
	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		34,771	-		34,771		811,624		152,822 811,624
	214,202	394,408	-		-		-		-	-		608,610		-		608,610 (249)
_	214,202	530,104	124,14	1	215,386	_	223,213		34,771	 	_	1,341,817	_	811,624	_	3,150,136
\$	351,532	#########	\$ 124,14	<u>1 \$</u>	219,465	\$	227,866	\$	34,771	\$ _	\$	2,048,071	\$	848,821	\$	4,310,061

<u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,</u> AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
	Ambulance Squad	Fire Protection	Library	Senior Center	Highway Aid Fund	Total
Revenues						
Real estate	\$ 1,176,648	\$ 1,769,608	\$ 1,020,148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,966,404
Investment income and rent	11,104	37,563	19,416	1,540	38,449	108,072
Intergovernmental revenue	-	837,226	152,560	17,176	1,272,008	2,278,970
Charges for services	-	-	35,901	93,228	57,990	187,119
Other			20,995	5,826		26,821
Total Revenues	1,187,752	2,644,397	1,249,020	117,770	1,368,447	6,567,386
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	4,716	7,080	3,936	-	-	15,732
Public safety	1,015,000	5,034,924	-	-	-	6,049,924
Highways and roads	-	-	-	-	1,375,279	1,375,279
Culture and recreation	-	-	1,144,934	-	-	1,144,934
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	564,298	-	564,298
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other						
Total Expenditures	1,019,716	5,042,004	1,148,870	564,298	1,375,279	9,150,167
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	168,036	(2,397,607)	100,150	(446,528)	(6,832)	(2,582,781)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	2,571,000	60,000	380,178	22,838	3,034,016
Transfers out	(150,000)	-	(241,893)	-	-	(391,893)
Total Other Financing	<u> </u>					
Sources (Uses)	(150,000)	2,571,000	(181,893)	380,178	22,838	2,642,123
Net Change in Fund Balances	18,036	173,393	(81,743)	(66,350)	16,006	59,342
Fund Balance - Beginning	9,608	91,206	199,794	66,101	570,644	937,353
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 27,644	\$ 264,599	\$ 118,051	\$ (249)	\$ 586,650	\$ 996,695

			(Total Nonmajor					
Capit	al Asset	Capital	GOB-2018	Road	Capital Road	Capital	Capital Asset		GOB	Governmental		
Rec	reation	Reserve	Fund	Maintenance	Equipment	Asset Library	Senior Ctr	Total	Debt Service	Funds		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 588,633		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 924,980	\$ 3,593,992			
	3,489	20,212	28	18,707	8,004	1,607	3,452	55,499	61,686	225,257		
	525,000	225,729	-	-	-	-	3,600	754,329	-	3,033,299		
	-	83,547	-	-	-	-	-	83,547	-	270,666		
	59,333	290						59,623		86,444		
	587,822	329,778	28	607,340	344,351	1,607	7,052	1,877,978	3,655,678	12,101,042		
	-	696,067	-	-	-	-	-	696,067	-	711,799		
	-	334,870	-	-	-	-	-	334,870	-	6,384,794		
	-	707,262	-	520,387	2,212	-	1,399	1,231,260	-	2,606,539		
	396,183	-	-	-	-	-	6,324	402,507	-	1,547,441		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564,298		
	96,219	184,261	-	-	326,668	-	-	607,148	1,759,228	2,366,376		
	6,046	19,329	-	-	28,536	-	-	53,911	1,842,528	1,896,439		
	-								18,123	18,123		
	498,448	1,941,789		520,387	357,416		7,723	3,325,763	3,619,879	16,095,809		
	89,374	(1,612,011)	28	86,953	(13,065)	1,607	(671)	(1,447,785)	35,799	(3,994,767)		
	32,500	261,599	-	-	16,794	-	-	310,893	-	310,893		
	102,800	1,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,502,800	-	4,536,816		
							(72,800)	(72,800)	(498,319)	(963,012)		
	135,300	1,661,599			16,794		(72,800)	1,740,893	(498,319)	3,884,697		
	224,674	49,588	28	86,953	3,729	1,607	(73,471)	293,108	(462,520)	(110,070)		
	(10,472)	480,516	124,113	128,433	219,484	33,164	73,471	1,048,709	1,274,144	3,260,206		
\$	214,202	\$ 530,104	\$ 124,141	\$ 215,386	\$ 223,213	\$ 34,771	\$ -	\$ 1,341,817	\$ 811,624	\$ 3,150,136		

$\frac{\text{COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -}}{\text{FIDUCIARY FUNDS}}$

		Pension T	rus	t Funds			 Custodial
		Police	N	lon-Uniform			Escrow
	Pension			Pension	Total		 Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	855,769	\$	505,433	\$	1,361,202	\$ 566,088
Receivables		102,240		56,689		158,929	-
Investments							
Money market		455,753		385,176		840,929	-
DROP account		813,401		-		813,401	-
US Government & agency securities		3,751,718		2,104,145		5,855,863	-
Bond and bond funds		7,447,598		4,258,439		11,706,037	-
Asset backed securities		77,237		40,662		117,899	-
Equities and stock funds		11,929,717		7,064,651		18,994,368	-
Exchange traded products		9,880,130		5,788,502		15,668,632	
Total Investments		34,355,554		19,641,575		53,997,129	 566,088
TOTAL ASSETS		35,313,563		20,203,697		55,517,260	 566,088
NET POSITION							
Restricted for							
Assets held in trust for pension		35,313,563		20,203,697		55,517,260	-
Developer		-					 566,088
Total net position	\$	35,313,563	\$	20,203,697	\$	55,517,260	\$ 566,088

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Pension Tr	_(Custodial				
	Police	N	on-Uniform				Escrow
Additions	 Pension		Pension		<u>Total</u>		Fund
Contributions							
Member contributions	\$ 272,672	\$	-	\$	272,672	\$	-
Employer contributions	359,226		300,000		659,226		-
State contributions	644,067		519,871		1,163,938		-
Escrow receipts	 						104,658
Total Contributions	 1,275,965		819,871	_	2,095,836		104,658
Investment Earnings							
Net appreciation (depreciation) in							
fair value of investments	3,316,976		1,927,183		5,244,159		-
Interest and dividends	 61,262		25,012		86,274		
Total Investment Earnings	3,378,238		1,952,195		5,330,433		-
Less investment expense	 (119,647)		(72,102)		(191,749)		-
Net Investment Earnings	 3,258,591		1,880,093	_	5,138,684		
Total Additions	 4,534,556		2,699,964		7,234,520		104,658
Deductions							
Benefits	1,254,962		896,308		2,151,270		-
Escrow disbursements	 -		-		-		378,443
Total Deductions	 1,254,962		896,308		2,151,270		378,443
Change in Net Position	3,279,594		1,803,656		5,083,250		(273,785)
Net Position							
Beginning of Year	 32,033,969		18,400,041		50,434,010		839,873
End of Year	\$ 35,313,563	\$	20,203,697	\$	55,517,260	\$	566,088