# NORTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## December 31, 2022

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Supervisors Northampton Township Richboro, PA

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general and park and recreation funds, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Township adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northampton Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Other-Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and historical trend information on pages 6 through 18 and 76 through 80 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Bee Bergerald i Co.

Bee, Bergvall and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Warrington, PA August 15, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

As the Township Board of the Northampton Township, we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Northampton Township for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read in conjunction with the Township's financial statements which follow this section.

## **Financial Highlights**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (Full Accrual)

• The assets of Northampton Township for the governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$158,926,561 (*net position*). Of this amount, -\$13,207,740 (*unrestricted net position*) represents a negative balance and may not be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Additionally, \$30,303,095 (*restricted net position*) represents a positive balance and must be used to meet the Township's existing capital obligations and other restricted whether imposed by grantors or real estate taxes.

#### Fund Financial Statements (Modified Accrual)

• As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,007,870, a decrease of \$5,935,878 (14.49%) when compared to the prior year. The majority of this decrease is attributed to the expenses related to the construction of 2 new Fire Stations in the Township (\$30,365,000 GOB issued in 2021 to fund). The total combined fund balance is available for spending, within the "assigned" and "restricted" categories of the various funds.

• At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,025,522 or 11.59% of total general fund expenditures, \$18,119,750. This is a decrease of \$398,032 for the year.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Northampton Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1) government-wide financial statements, (Full Accrual)
- 2) fund financial statements, (Modified Accrual)
- 3) notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the Township's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

The governmental and business-type activities of the Township include:

- General Government
- Code Enforcement
- Public Safety
- Sanitation
- Public Works
- Culture & Recreation
- Debt Service

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Northampton Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds. Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmental *funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental activities*.

Northampton Township maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Park & Recreation Fund, Capital Asset Fire, Debt Fire Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

Data from the other governmental funds (Capital Asset Recreation, Capital Reserve, Road Maintenance, Capital Road Equipment, Capital Asset Library, Capital Asset Senior Center, Ambulance, Fire, Library, Senior Center, and Highway Aid) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and park and recreation fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

*Proprietary funds.* Proprietary funds (Business-Type Activities) are used to account for services for which the Township charges a fee. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The acquisition of the Northampton Valley Country Club by the Township in September 2018 added the Country Club and the Country Club Capital to the existing list of Proprietary Funds. Together with the Refuse Fund and Street Light Fund there are now four Proprietary Funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-32 of this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

*Fiduciary funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds (Police Pension Fund and Non-Uniformed Pension Fund) are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 and 34 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Township's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Northampton Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$158,926,561 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a \$2,602,339 or 1.61% reduction from the previous year. This change is mostly attributable to a depreciable reduction (\$9,727,662) in Assets.

By far the most significant portion of the Township's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, and net of accumulated depreciation, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position:

		~		- /								
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		2	022		2021		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Current and other assets	\$	51,753	\$ 47,727		\$	877	\$	878	\$	52,630	\$	48,605
Capital assets		194,136	 191,544		1	3,064		13,163	_	207,200		204,707
Total Assets		245,889	 239,271		1	3,941		14,041	_	259,830		253,312
Long term liabilities		71,215	64,043		1	5,316		15,212		86,531		79,255
Other liabilities		12,726	 11,395			1,647		1,561	_	14,373		12,956
Total Liabilities		83,941	 75,438		1	6,963		16,773	_	100,904		92,211
Net Position												
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		141,831	137,343			-		-		141,831		137,343
Restricted		30,303	38,882			-		-		30,303		38,882
Unrestricted		(10,186)	 (12,392)		(	3,022)		(2,732)	_	(13,208)	_	(15,124)
Total Net Position	\$	161,948	\$ 163,833		\$ (	3,022)	\$	(2,732)	\$	158,926	\$	161,101

# Table 1Statement of Net Position - December 31, 2022<br/>(in thousands)

A large portion of the Township's net position (\$30,303,095) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (-\$13,207,740) shows a negative balance which is primarily due to the pension liability and post-employment benefit liability. GASB allows the financial statement reader to consider short-term and long-term analysis. The Township's net position decreased by \$2,602,339 during the current fiscal year as discussed below. Total Assets decreased by \$213 thousand primarily due to the implementation of the lease standard and the fire station construction. Total Liabilities were increased overall by \$8.9 million due to annual debt payments on new and existing GOB obligations offset by increases in the pension liability.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

A comparison of 2022 vs. 2021 shows an increase in Total Revenues (\$6,170,000 or 15.59%) due to RE Tax millage increase, EIT, and recovery from limited services from Covid-19, and an increase in Total Operating Expenses (\$3,182,000 or 7.04%) to support those services. Total Net Position, while improving from prior year figures, had decreased by \$2,175,000 by year-end 2022.

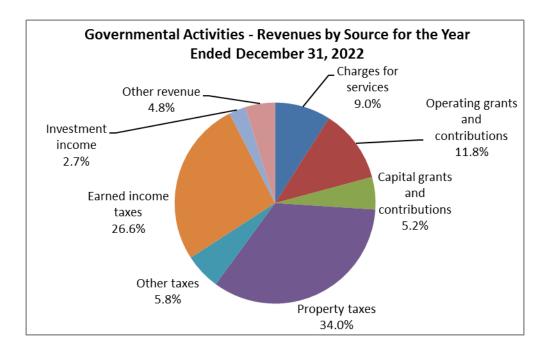
	(in	h th	ousands)								
	Govern Activ				Busines Activ		• •		Tot	tal	
	 <u>2022</u>	nie	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	2021		2022		<u>2021</u>	
REVENUES	<u>2022</u>		2021	-	2022		2021		<u>2022</u>		2021
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 3,301	\$	3,258	\$	9,150	\$	8,539	\$	12,451	\$	11,797
Operating grants and contributions	4,341		2,710		375		412		4,716		3,122
Capital grants and contributions	1,872		957		-		-		1,872		957
General revenues:											
Property taxes	12,516		10,746		-		-		12,516		10,746
Other taxes	11,889		11,460		-		-		11,889		11,460
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	56		-		-		-		56		-
Investment income	1,005		268		18		2		1,023		270
Miscellaneous	1,199		1,200		-		-		1,199		1,200
Net transfers	 579		201		(579)		(201)		-		-
Total Revenues	 36,758		30,800		8,964		8,752		45,722		39,552
EXPENSES											
General government	5,825		6,043		-		-		5,825		6,043
Code enforcement	851		731		-		-		851		731
Public safety	12,737		12,294		-		-		12,737		12,294
Sanitation	-		-		4,424		4,346		4,424		4,346
Public works	12,573		11,501		-		-		12,573		11,501
Culture and recreation	4,633		3,877		4,827		4,754		9,460		8,631
Debt service	 2,455		1,597		-		-		2,455		1,597
Total Expenses	 39,074		36,043		9,251		9,100		48,325		45,143
Change in Net Position	(2,316)		(5,243)		(287)		(348)		(2,603)		(5,591)
Net Position - Beginning	163,833		169,076		(2,732)		(2,384)		161,101		166,692
Adoption of GASB #87	 431				(3)		-		428		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 161,948	\$	163,833	\$	(3,022)	\$	(2,732)	\$	158,926	\$	161,101

#### Table 2 Changes in Net position - 2021 (in thousands)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

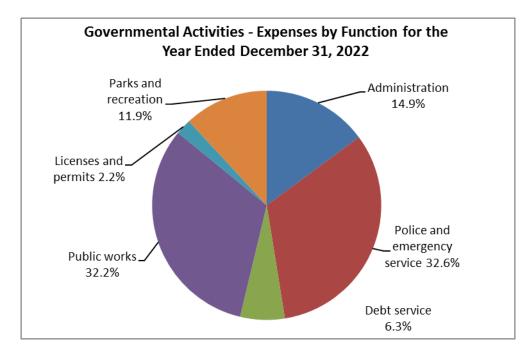
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, revenues for governmental activities totaled \$36,758,000, an increase of \$5,958,000 (19.47%) over 2021. Positively affected areas: Earned Income Tax, Transfer Tax, Operating Grants, and Charges for Services. Sources of revenue for the fiscal year 2022 are comprised of the following items:



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

For the 2022 fiscal year, expenses for government activities totaled \$39,074,000, a \$3,031,000 increase over 2021. This is mainly due to the limited availability and inflation of the cost of goods and services seen by the entire economy.



The change in net position reflects the difference between total revenues and total expenses. For governmental and business-type activities in fiscal 2022, total expenses (\$48,325,000) exceeded total revenues (\$45,722,000) by \$2,603,000 resulting in a decrease in net position by that amount. The year ended with a total Net Position of \$158,926,000.

## Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

*Governmental funds*. The focus of the Township's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, *Restricted*, *Assigned*, *and Unassigned Fund Balances* may serve as a useful measure of a Township's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. However, the *Restricted* and the *Assigned* are ear-marked for specific purposes.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Township's total governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,007,870, a decrease of \$6,384,017 or (15.4%) in comparison with the prior year.

The total fund balance for all funds (\$35,007,870) constitutes a Restricted Fund balance of \$30,231,751, an Assigned Fund balance of \$264,736, and an Unassigned Fund balance of \$2,074,460 (which is available for spending at the Township's discretion).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At the end of the current fiscal year, Unassigned Fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,025,522. Unreserved/Unassigned Fund balance represents 11.2% of total General Fund expenditures. This represents a decrease from the 2021 percentage of 13.87%.

## **General Fund Budget Highlights**

There were no budget amendments so the original and the final budget are the same. Budget variances are discussed as follows:

General Fund Total Revenues came in over \$1,378,502 (7.09%) when compared to the 2022 Budget. Transfer Taxes were also lower than budgeted by \$51,774 (2.94%), Earned Income Taxes continued to show growth with \$1,051,787 (12.61%) over budget. Fees & Licenses & Permits were \$18,413 (2.14%) over budget. Interest & Rents soared \$142,892 (60.67%) over a conservative budget. Intergovernmental Revenues were \$126,030 (11.76%) over budget. Charges for Services were \$5,322 (0.36%), just slightly over budget. Other General Fund revenues were \$11,319 (6.88%) over the 2022 budget.

General Fund Total Expenditures pushed 2022 slightly higher than the budget by \$166,750 or 1.9%. This can be attributed in part to the increased cost of materials and services for road repair and other goods and services.

A schedule showing the Township's original and final budget amount compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 28.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Park & Recreation Fund Budget Highlights

The Park & Recreation Department has seen a slow, but steady comeback from the devastating financial blow incurred from Covid-19, and the 2022 budget was calculated with a positive outlook. Tax revenues remained stable coming in just slightly over budget at \$943,531, however the other areas of revenue were not able to reach their mark. Fees/Charges for Services were \$1,467,221, a notable increase from the prior year, yet still fell short of its 2022 budgeted amount by \$140,779 (8.7%). Revenues from Interest & Rents did pick up later in the year due to climbing interest rates, coming in \$4,001 over budget. Overall, Total Revenues were down slightly \$104,647 or 3.42% of the projected budget.

Total Expenses for 2022 were \$2,634,936, which amounted to the expenses being \$149,936 (6.03%) over budget. The cause primarily being the rising inflation of costs and availability for goods and services. Despite the increase in expenses matched with revenues coming in short to budgeted amounts, the actual Total Revenues of \$2,946,353 exceeded the total expenses by \$311,417. At year end, the Fund Balance came in at a final amount of \$17,839.

A schedule showing the Townships original and final budget amount compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 28.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$207,121,000 (*net of accumulated depreciation \$169,305,000*). This investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, etc. A total (gross) increase (\$11,667,000) in the Township's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was the result of the purchase/sale of various capital equipment (-\$131,000), land and building improvements (\$119,000), Infrastructure (\$885,000), and the construction-in-progress (\$10,794,000) for the multiple capital projects in the Township, most notable being the building of 2 new Fire Stations.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# Table 3 Changes in Capital Assets - Governmental Funds (in thousands)

	Beginning Balance January 1, 2022		Net Additions/ <u>Deletions</u>		Ending Balance mber 31, 2022
Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	\$	1,898	\$	-	\$ 1,898
Construction in progress		2,947		10,794	13,741
Other Capital Assets					
Machinery, vehicles and equipment		11,237		(131)	11,106
Land improvements		4,396		16	4,412
Buildings and improvements		32,144		103	32,247
Library		95		-	95
Infrastructure		312,042		885	312,927
Accumulated depreciation on capital assets	. <u> </u>	(160,051)		(9,254)	 (169,305)
Totals	\$	204,708	\$	2,413	\$ 207,121
Right to Use Assets	\$	312	\$	(88)	\$ 224

The Northampton Township Board of Supervisors continues to place significant resources to the area of capital improvements. Details on Capital Assets can be found on pages 52-54.

The \$10,794,018 represents the Construction-in-progress for the various Capital projects occurring in the Township, including the 2 new Fire Stations. \$254,721 represents the new Machinery & Equipment purchased through capital lease financing, and \$385,854 is reflecting vehicles and equipment sold, netting -\$131,133. \$16,195 is Land Improvements. \$102,766 comprises improvements to Township buildings. The increase of \$885,151 Infrastructure is attributable to road, curb, storm sewer and bridge projects during the year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township had total bonded and installment debt outstanding of \$65,565,000. Of this amount, \$64,915,000 is comprised of General Obligation Bonds (GOB), and is considered debt that is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The construction of the New Police Facility involved the purchase of the existing Sewer & Water Authority's administrative offices through a 25-year, 0% balloon payment. This agreement also added \$650,000 to this debt balance. There are no bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The Township entered 2022 with total outstanding debt of \$67,065,000. After making principal payments (\$1,500,000), the outstanding debt balance at year-end is \$65,565,000.

Details on Long-term Debt can be found on pages 56-59.

Year of <u>Issue</u>	Amount of Original Issue	Average <u>Interest Rate</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Balance January 1, 2022		Principal <u>Payments</u>		1			nterest ayments	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2022
2015A	3,050,000	variable - 2.75%	2022	\$	800,000	\$	800,000	\$	11,000	\$	-		
2015B	2,255,000	5.00%	2023		2,180,000		665,000		92,625		1,515,000		
2015	10,955,000	variable - 5.00%	2035		10,830,000		25,000		413,650		10,805,000		
2018	650,000	0%	2043		650,000		-		-		650,000		
2018	22,250,000	variable -4.00%	2043		22,240,000		5,000		830,595		22,235,000		
2021	30,365,000	variable -4.00%	2046		30,365,000		5,000	1	1,198,975		30,360,000		
				\$	67,065,000	\$	1,500,000	\$ 2	2,546,845	\$	65,565,000		

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

2022 was plagued by uncertainties in the financial markets, both with interest rates and with inflation/availability of goods and services. The Township saw a rise in Interest rates later in the year that affected revenues positively. The 3.1 mill increase implemented in 2022, combined with the Township's solid Real Estate Tax base, provided consistency throughout the year. Expenses were higher than anticipated across the board, most notably in paving, recreation, and Country Club as supply chain inflation drove up prices.

The 2023 Budget focuses on improvements to the transportation system, parks, public buildings and equipment. The Township will also continue to address the need for Fire and EMS services, as exemplified by the construction and completion of the 2 new Fire stations. 2023 Budget expectations are taking into consideration the forecasted continuation of economic inflation and supply chain issues.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Northampton Township's finances for all those with an interest in the Township's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department of Northampton Township, 55 Township Road, Richboro, PA 18954.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## December 31, 2022

	Р	t	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,713,403	\$ 162,120	\$ 36,875,523
Taxes receivable	4,176,556	-	4,176,556
Accounts receivable	1,167,583	494,703	1,662,286
Leases receivable-due in one year			
Prepaid expenses	34,859	-	34,859
Inventory	-	75,383	75,383
Leases receivable, non-current	2,436,923	-	2,436,923
Land	1,897,956	-	1,897,956
Construction in progress	11,670,175	2,070,298	13,740,473
Other capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	180,488,652	10,993,742	191,482,394
Right of use Asset (net of accumulated			
amortization)	78,720	145,097	223,817
Total Assets	238,664,827	13,941,343	252,606,170
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows for pension	7,224,084	-	7,224,084
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,224,084		7,224,084
Total defended outflows of resources	7,224,004		7,224,004
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,712,758	569,229	3,281,987
Interest payable	221,250	70,984	292,234
Deferred Revenue	-	850,408	850,408
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year	2,640,456	156,136	2,796,592
Due after one year	71,215,087	15,316,164	86,531,251
Total Liabilities	76,789,551	16,962,921	93,752,472
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows for leases	1,923,746	-	1,923,746
Deferred inflows for pension	1,371,813	-	1,371,813
Deferred inflows for OPEB	1,081,017	_	1,081,017
Deferred revenue	2,774,645	-	2,774,645
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,151,221		7,151,221
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	141,831,206	-	141,831,206
Restricted for	111,001,200		111,001,200
Public safety	28,395,927	-	28,395,927
Public works	540,571	-	540,571
Culture and recreation	151,195	-	151,195
Debt service	1,215,402	-	1,215,402
Unrestricted	(10,186,162)	(3,021,578)	(13,207,740)
Total Net Position	\$ 161,948,139	\$ (3,021,578)	\$ 158,926,561
	φ 101,7-0,139	φ (3,021,370)	φ 150,720,501

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenue	es
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 5,824,588	\$ 76,124	\$ 855,471	\$ -
Code Enforcement	850,550	1,248,323	-	-
Public Safety	12,736,944	319,699	1,522,324	-
Public Works	12,573,341	88,099	1,241,748	738,604
Culture and Recreation	4,632,945	1,568,799	721,344	1,133,409
Debt Service	2,454,844			
Total Government Activities	39,073,212	3,301,044	4,340,887	1,872,013
Business -Type Activities				
Refuse	1 102 567	3,832,145	275 069	
Country Club	4,423,567 4,827,161	5,317,921	375,068	-
Street Light	4,027,101		-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	9,250,728	9,150,066	375,068	
Total Busiliess-Type Activities	,,200,,720		275,000	
Total Primary Government	48,323,940	12,451,110	4,715,955	1,872,013
General Revenues				
Taxes:				
Real Estate				
Transfer				
Earned Income Tax				
Local Service Tax				
Grants and Contributions not				
Restricted to Specific Programs				
Investment Earnings and Rents				
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets				
Miscellaneous				
Transfers				
Total General Revenues and Transfers				
Change in Net Position				
Change in Net Position				
Net Position - Beginning, Restated				
Net Position - Ending				

Net (Expense) Changes in I Primary Go	Net Position	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (4,892,993)	\$ -	\$ (4,892,993)
397,773	Ψ -	397,773
(10,894,921)	-	(10,894,921)
(10,504,890)	-	(10,504,890)
(1,209,393)	-	(1,209,393)
(2,454,844)		(2,454,844)
(29,559,268)	-	(29,559,268)
-	(216,354)	(216,354)
-	490,760	490,760
	-	-
	274,406	274,406
(29,559,268)	274,406	(29,284,862)
12,516,065		12,516,065
1,705,226	-	1,705,226
9,763,097	-	9,763,097
420,941	-	420,941
55,816		55,816
1,005,327	18,291	1,023,618
93,150	-	93,150
1,104,610	-	1,104,610
579,000	(579,000)	-
27,243,232	(560,709)	26,682,523
	(5500,705)	20,002,025
(2,316,036)	(286,303)	(2,602,339)
164,264,175	(2,735,275)	161,528,900
\$ 161,948,139	\$ (3,021,578)	\$ 158,926,561

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## December 31, 2022

		General		Park & creation	Д	Capital
ASSETS		contrai				
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,145,511	\$	142,846	\$	3,014,544
Taxes receivable	φ	2,099,442	φ	142,840	φ	5,014,544
Accounts receivable		517,353		12,881		-
Leases receivable		2,436,923		10,759		-
Prepaid expenses		2,430,923		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
		-		-		-
Total Current Assets		10,199,229		174,486		3,014,544
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,199,229	\$	174,486	\$	3,014,544
LIA BILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	1,164,346	\$	149,338	\$	42,911
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	_	1,164,346		149,338		42,911
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows- Leases		1,923,746		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		36,466		7,309		-
Unavailable revenue - ARPA funds		2,612,226		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,572,438		7,309		-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable for:						
Leases		2,436,923		-		-
Restricted for:						0.071 (00
Public safety		-		-		2,971,633
Public works		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Assigned for:						
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Unassigned		2,025,522		17,839		-
Total Fund Balances		4,462,445		17,839		2,971,633
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,199,229	\$	174,486	\$	3,014,544

Debt Fire	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 25,291,371 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,119,131 69,047 631,471 - 34,859 - 3,854,508 \$ 3,854,508	<ul> <li>\$ 36,713,403</li> <li>2,181,370</li> <li>1,167,583</li> <li>2,436,923</li> <li>34,859</li> <li>89,930</li> <li>42,624,068</li> <li>\$ 42,624,068</li> </ul>
\$ 1,128,202 	\$ 227,961 89,930 <u>162,419</u> 480,310	\$ 2,712,758 89,930 <u>162,419</u> 2,965,107
- - 	71,344	1,923,746 115,119 2,612,226 4,651,091
- 24,253,099 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,160,405 534,043 136,549 1,176,022 264,736 <u>31,099</u> <u>3,302,854</u>	2,436,923 28,385,137 534,043 136,549 1,176,022 264,736 2,074,460 35,007,870
\$ 25,381,301	\$ 3,854,508	\$ 42,624,068

## <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FOR</u> <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u>

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental acti are different because:	vities in the statement of net position (page 19)		
Total fund balances-total governmen	ntal funds (page 22-23)		\$ 35,007,870
Capital assets used in governmental and, therefore, are reported in the	activities are not financial resources funds.		
_	Cost of capital and right to use assets	\$ 360,539,321	
	Accumulated depreciation & amortization	(166,403,818)	194,135,503
Revenues in the statement of activit	ies that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reporte	d as revenues in the funds.		1,995,185
Because the focus of governmental	funds is on short-term financing,		
some assets will not be available t	o pay for current-period expenditures.		
Those assets (for example, receiva	bles) are offset by deferred revenues		
in the governmental funds and thu	is are not included in fund balance.		115,119
Deferred inflows and outflows or reso	urces related to pensions are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are	not reported in the funds.		
Difference	e between expected and actual		
experie	ence on pension plan liability & OPEB	(1,854,864)	
Change in	assumptions on pension plan liability and OPEB	(562,182)	
Net differe	ence between projected and actual		
earnin	gs on pension plan investments	7,188,301	4,771,255
Long term liabilities, including bond	s payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore			
_	Bonds and notes payable	(54,517,363)	
	Capital leases payable	(1,736,663)	
	Interest payable	(221,250)	
	Net pension liability	(10,910,029)	
	Total post-employment benefits liability	(2,843,088)	
	Compensated absences	(3,848,400)	(74,076,793)
			<b>•</b> 1 <1 0 10 105
Net Position of governmental activit	ies (page 19)		\$ 161,948,139

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Park &	Capital
	General	Recreation	Asset Fire
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Real estate	\$ 5,144,988	\$ 943,531	\$ -
Transfer	1,705,226	-	-
Earned income tax	9,387,787	-	-
Local service tax	420,941	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	875,413	-	-
Investment income and rent	378,392	5,001	43,939
Intergovernmental revenues	1,197,030	521,224	-
Fines and forfeitures	61,584	-	-
Charges for services	1,468,322	1,467,221	-
Other	175,819	9,376	-
Total Revenues	20,815,502	2,946,353	43,939
	, ,		
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	2,525,056	_	-
Public safety	9,679,395	_	42.911
Highways and roads	2,994,789	_	_
Culture and recreation	49,953	2,634,936	-
Miscellaneous	2,870,557	-	-
Debt service:	, ,		
Principal	-	_	-
Interest	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	18,119,750	2,634,936	42,911
			,>11
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	2,695,752	311,417	1,028
	2,095,752		1,020
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt issuance			
Transfers in			300,000
Transfers out	(1,105,000)	-	500,000
	(1,105,000)		
Total Other Financing	(1.105.000)		200.000
Sources (Uses)	(1,105,000)		300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,590,752	311,417	301,028
-			
Fund Balance - Beginning, Restated	2,871,693	(293,578)	2,670,605
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,462,445	\$ 17,839	\$ 2,971,633

 Debt Fire	Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	6,491,173	\$	12,579,692
-		-		1,705,226
-		-		9,387,787
-		-		420,941
-		-		875,413
509,389		68,606		1,005,327
-		3,831,490		5,549,744
-		-		61,584
-		278,512		3,214,055
 -		860,917		1,046,112
 509,389		11,530,698		35,845,881

	201.257	0.01 < 0.10
-	391,257	2,916,313
9,284,510	2,537,284	21,544,100
-	2,805,387	5,800,176
-	2,040,160	4,725,049
-	419.325	3,289,882
	,	-,
-	2,243,370	2,243,370
1,198,975	1,388,743	2,587,718
-	17,820	17,820
10,483,485	11,843,346	43,124,428
10,105,105	11,015,510	13,121,120
(0, 074, 000)	(212, (49))	(7 070 5 47)
(9,974,096)	(312,648)	(7,278,547)
-	315,530	315,530
-	1,864,000	2,164,000
-	(480,000)	(1,585,000)
		`
_	1,699,530	894,530
	1,077,550	0,550
(0, 074, 006)	1 206 000	(6.294.017)
(9,974,096)	1,386,882	(6,384,017)
34 227 105	1 015 072	41 201 997
34,227,195	1,915,972	41,391,887
\$ 24,253,099	\$ 3,302,854	\$ 35,007,870

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

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## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN <u>FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE</u> <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u>

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

recentinge in fund balance	ces-total governmental funds (page 25-26)		\$ (6,384,01
	rt capital outlays as expenditures. However, in		
	es the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives a	nd reported as depreciation expense.		
	Capital and right to use outlay	\$ 11,570,423	<b>0 5</b> 00 1
	Depreciation and amortization expense	 (9,061,263)	2,509,1
Revenues in the statemen	t of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are r	not reported as revenues in the funds.		311,6
Bond issuance cost is rec	orded as an expenditure in the fund statements but		
recorded as an asset and	d amortized over the life of the bond in the statement		
-	the amount by which the bond issuance costs exceed		
amortization for the peri	iod.		151,0
The issuance of long-term	n debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmer	ntal funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
-	es the current financial resources of governmental		
funds. Neither transact	ion, however, has any effect on net position. Also,		
	· ·		
	port the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts,		
and similar items when a	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are		
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the		
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are		
and similar items when a deferred and amortized in net effect of these differ	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the	(294,918)	
and similar items when a deferred and amortized in net effect of these differ	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and	(294,918) 747,915	
and similar items when a deferred and amortized in net effect of these differ	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance	. , ,	
and similar items when a deferred and amortized in net effect of these differ	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases	 747,915	1,936,0
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i net effect of these differ related items.	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases Interest payable	 747,915 (13,544)	1,936,0
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i net effect of these differ related items.	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases Interest payable Repayment of debt	 747,915 (13,544)	1,936,0
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i net effect of these differ related items.	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases Interest payable Repayment of debt In the statement of activities do not require the use purces and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	 747,915 (13,544)	1,936,0
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i net effect of these differ related items. Some expenses reported in of current financial reso	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases Interest payable Repayment of debt In the statement of activities do not require the use purces and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	 747,915 (13,544)	1,936,0
and similar items when a deferred and amortized i net effect of these differ related items. Some expenses reported in of current financial reso	bort the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are in the statement of activities. This amount is the rences in the treatment of long-term debt and Debt issuance Leases Interest payable Repayment of debt n the statement of activities do not require the use purces and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	 747,915 (13,544) 1,496,610	1,936,0

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND						
							riance with
		Budgeted	An	nounts		Fir	al Budget -
		Original		Final	ACTUAL	O	ver (Under)
Revenues							
Taxes:							
Real estate	\$	5,117,000	\$	5,117,000	\$ 5,144,988	\$	27,988
Transfer		1,757,000		1,757,000	1,705,226		(51,774)
Earned income tax		8,336,000		8,336,000	9,387,787		1,051,787
Local service tax		378,000		378,000	420,941		42,941
Per Capita		-		-	-		-
Fees, licenses and permits		857,000		857,000	875,413		18,413
Interest and rent		235,500		235,500	378,392		142,892
Intergovernmental revenues		1,071,000		1,071,000	1,197,030		126,030
Fines and forfeitures		58,000		58,000	61,584		3,584
Charges for services		1,463,000		1,463,000	1,468,322		5,322
Other		164,500		164,500	175,819		11,319
Total Revenues		19,437,000	_	19,437,000	20,815,502		1,378,502
Expenditures Current:							
General government		2,234,000		2,234,000	2,525,056		291,056
Public safety		9,863,000		9,863,000	9,679,395		(183,605)
Highways and roads		3,021,000		3,021,000	2,994,789		(26,211)
Culture and recreation		61,000		61,000	49,953		(11,047)
Miscellaneous		2,774,000		2,774,000	2,870,557		96,557
Total Expenditures	_	17,953,000		17,953,000	18,119,750		166,750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		1,484,000		1,484,000	2,695,752		1,211,752
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		180,000		180,000	-		(180,000)
Transfers out		(1,285,000)		(1,285,000)	(1,105,000)		180,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(1,105,000)		(1,105,000)	(1,105,000)		·
Net Change in Fund Balances		379,000		379,000	1,590,752	\$	1,211,752
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, Restated					2,871,693		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$ 4,462,445		

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK & RECREATION

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	PARK & RECREATION FUND				
				Variance with	
	Budgetee	d Amounts		Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	ACTUAL	Over (Under)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 939,000	\$ 939,000	\$ 943,531	\$ 4,531	
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	
Interest and rent	1,000	1,000	5,001	4,001	
Intergovernmental revenues	500,000	500,000	521,224	21,224	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	1,608,000	1,608,000	1,467,221	(140,779)	
Other	3,000	3,000	9,376	6,376	
Total Revenues	3,051,000	3,051,000	2,946,353	(104,647)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Culture and recreation	2,485,000	2,485,000	2,634,936	149,936	
Total Expenditures	2,485,000	2,485,000	2,634,936	149,936	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	566,000	566,000	311,417	(254,583)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out				-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	566,000	566,000	311,417	<u>\$ (254,583)</u>	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			(293,578)		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 17,839		

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## December 31, 2022

	MAJOR					
	]	Refuse	Co	untry Club		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	162,120	\$	-	\$	162,120
Accounts receivable		426,925		67,778		494,703
Due from other funds		65,465		-		65,465
Inventory		-		75,383		75,383
Total Current Assets		654,510		143,161		797,671
Noncurrent Assets						
Construction in progress		-		2,070,298		2,070,298
Capital assets		-		13,896,437	1	3,896,437
Less accumulated depreciation		-		(2,902,695)	(	(2,902,695)
Net Capital Assets Subject						
to Depreciation		-		13,064,040	1	3,064,040
Right of use Asset				193,463		193,463
Less accumulated amortization				(48,366)		(48,366)
Net Captial Assets Subject						
to Amortization				145,097		145,097
Total Noncurrent Assets				13,209,137	1	3,209,137
Total Assets	\$	654,510	\$	13,352,298	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,006,808
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	398,972	\$	170,257	\$	569,229
Interest payable		-		70,984		70,984
Due to Other Funds		-		65,465		65,465
Deferred Revenue		176,404		674,004		850,408
Total Current Liabilities		575,376		980,710		1,556,086
Non-current liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		156,136		156,136
Due after one year		-		15,316,164	1	5,316,164
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		-		15,472,300	1	5,472,300
Total Liabilities		575,376		16,453,010	1	7,028,386
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		_
Unrestricted		79,134		(3,100,712)	(	(3,021,578)
Total Net Position	\$	79,134	\$	(3,100,712)		(3,021,578)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Refuse	Country Club	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 3,832,145	\$ 5,191,636	\$ 9,023,781
Other revenues		66,285	66,285
Total Operating Revenues	3,832,145	5,257,921	9,090,066
Operating Expenses			
Solid waste collection and disposal	4,423,567	-	4,423,567
Culture and recreation		4,153,037	4,153,037
Total Operating Expenses	4,423,567	4,153,037	8,576,604
Operating Income Before Depreciation	(591,422)	1,104,884	513,462
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		668,003	668,003
Operating Income (Loss)	(591,422)	436,881	(154,541)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)			
Intergovernmental revenue	375,068	60,000	435,068
Interest expense	-	(6,121)	(6,121)
Net earnings on investments	14,850	3,441	18,291
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	389,918	57,320	447,238
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(201,504)	494,201	292,697
Operating transfers in	-	-	-
Operating transfers out		(579,000)	(579,000)
Total Net Transfers		(579,000)	(579,000)
Change in Net Position	(201,504)	(84,799)	(286,303)
Nat Position Baginning Pastated	280,638	(3.015.013)	(7 735 775)
Net Position - Beginning, Restated		(3,015,913)	(2,735,275)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 79,134	\$ (3,100,712)	<u>\$ (3,021,578)</u>

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities			
		Country		
	Refuse	Club	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities			·	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,879,861	\$ 5,178,221	\$ 9,058,082	
Cash paid to employees for services	(233,155)	(1,878,324)	(2,111,479)	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(4,129,112)	(2,196,282)	(6,325,394)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(482,406)	1,103,615	621,209	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Due from/to funds	(65,465)	65,465	-	
Transfers to other funds	-	(579,000)	(579,000)	
Intergovernmental revenues	375,068		375,068	
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	309,603	(513,535)	(203,932)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Debt proceeds	-	96,252	96,252	
Payments of long-term debt	-	(160,194)	(160,194)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(7,107)	(7,107)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(522,472)	(522,472)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(593,521)	(593,521)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest and dividends on investments	14,850	3,441	18,291	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	14,850	3,441	18,291	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(157,953)	-	(157,953)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	320,073		320,073	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 162,120	<u>\$</u>	\$ 162,120	
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities				
Net operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (591,422)</u>	\$ 436,881	\$ (154,541)	
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	-	668,003	668,003	
Changes in assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in receivables	47,716	3,138	50,854	
(Increase) decrease in inventory	-	(1,814)	(1,814)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	17,199	52,883	70,082	
Increase (decrease) accrued wages	-	20,381	20,381	
Increase (decrease) compensated absences	-	6,981	6,981	
Increase in deferred revenue	44,101	(82,838)	(38,737)	
Net adjustments	109,016	666,734	775,750	
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (482,406)	\$ 1,103,615	\$ 621,209	

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## December 31, 2022

	Pension			
	Trust			Custodial
	Funds			<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	842,327	\$	613,014
Investments				
Money market		691,397		-
DROP account		535,329		-
US Government & agency securities		4,935,143		-
Bond and bond funds		9,363,978		-
Asset backed securities		327,780		-
Equities and stock funds		18,913,397		-
Exchange traded products		7,543,873		-
Total Investments		42,310,897		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	43,153,224	\$	613,014
NET POSITION				
Restricted for				
Assets held in trust for pension	\$	43,153,224	\$	-
Developer		-		613,014
Total net position	\$	43,153,224	\$	613,014

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Pension				
	Trust	Custodial			
	Funds	Funds			
Additions					
Contributions					
Member contributions	\$ 247,432	\$ -			
Employer contributions	939,783	-			
State contributions	834,053	-			
Escrow receipts		122,432			
Total Contributions	2,021,268	122,432			
Investment Earnings					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in					
fair value of investments	(8,712,601)	-			
Interest and dividends	395,553				
Total Investment Earnings	(8,317,048)	-			
Less investment expense	(167,650)				
Net Investment Earnings	(8,484,698)				
Total Additions	(6,463,430)	122,432			
Deductions					
Benefits	1,857,309	-			
Escrow disbursements	-	212,418			
Actuary fees					
Total Deductions	1,857,309	212,418			
Change in Net Position	(8,320,739)	(89,986)			
Net Position					
Beginning of Year	51,473,963	703,000			
End of Year	\$ 43,153,224	\$ 613,014			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The Township of Northampton, County of Bucks, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania was founded in 1722. The Township is a second-class township, which operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general township administration, public safety, code enforcement, sanitation, roads, culture and recreation.

The accounting policies of the Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to governments. The follow is a summary of the more significant policies:

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on the elected officials' accountability to their constituents, and the financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. The criteria used for determining whether an entity should be included, either blended or discretely presented, includes, but is not limited to, fiscal dependency, imposition of will, legal standing, and the primary recipient of services.

Included within the reporting entity, in blended presentation is the Police Pension Plan and the Nonuniform Pension Plan (the Plans). The Plans are single employer defined benefit pension plans that provide pension benefits for all regular full-time employees. The Plans are separate legal entities, but they are reported as if they are part of the Township as they are governed by a board comprised of members appointed by the Board of Supervisors or by the Board of Supervisors themselves and the Township is responsible for funding the Plans. The activities of the Plans are blended as fiduciary funds and do not issue separate financial statements.

## **B.** Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### B. Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *park & recreation fund* accounts for the real estate taxes and program revenues related to programs and services provided for residents relating to culture and recreation.

The *capital asset fire fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the purchase of major capital assets for Northampton Township Volunteer Fire Co.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

# C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The *debt fire fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of major Township capital facilities and infrastructure.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *refuse fund* accounts for the collection of amounts due from the activities of the Township's refuse activities.

The Country Club fund accounts for the activities of the Northampton Valley Country Club.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *pension trust fund* accounts for the activities of the Police and Non-Uniformed Pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

*The custodial fund* accounts for subdivision/land development and all other types of escrows held by the Township in a custodial capacity.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the governments refuse function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The Refuse fund recognizes collection fees as operating revenue. The Country Club recognizes golf, banquet, and other country club revenues as operating revenues. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include collection and disposal costs and expenses related to the Country Club. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

# C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

## 1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

With the exception of Pension Trust Funds, state law allows the government to invest in obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any agency or instrumentality of either, which are secured by the full faith and credit of such entity. The law also allows for the Government to invest in certificates of deposit of banks, savings and loans, and savings banks both within and outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided such amounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or other like insurance, and that deposits in excess of such insurance are collateralized by the depository.

The state also imposes limitations with respect to the amount of investment in certificates of deposit to the extent that such deposits may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's, or savings bank's assets, net of its liabilities. The government may also invest in shares of registered investment companies, provided that investments of the Company are authorized investments, as noted above.

The government invests in obligations and agencies of the United States of America. These investments are comprised of U.S. Treasury obligations. The government recognizes interest rate risk and extension risk with some of these obligations. The government has stratified their portfolio so that the investments with extension risk are comprised of monies needed on a long-term basis. Investments with interest rate risk are selected so that the risk of interest decline below area saving's accounts rates is minimal.

The law provides that the government's Pension Trust Funds may invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction if determined by the government to be prudent.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

## D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

## 4. Use o estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 3. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due to the immaterial nature of uncollectible accounts, all trade and property tax receivables are deemed fully collectible and an allowance has not been recorded.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are billed February 1 and payable under the following terms: a 2% discount February 1 through April 1; face amount April 2 through June 1; and a 10% penalty after June 1. Any unpaid bills at December 31 are subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

#### 4. Leases

The Township is a lessor for various long-term noncancellable lease agreements. The Township recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Township initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

## D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

## 4. Leases (continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the Township determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Township uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any options to extend. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Any variable payments received are based on direct monthly usage and are recognized as revenue when received.

The Township monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the leases receivable

#### 5. Inventories

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out) in the proprietary funds. It is comprised of food, beverages, chemical supplies and other supplies for the country club.

## 6. Prepaid expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures for prepayments are recognized during the period benefited by the prepayment.

#### 7. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$7,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

## 7. Capital assets (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	45
Buildings and improvements	45
Roads and bridges	75
Storm sewers	75
Lighting	20
Library	3-20
Trucks, vehicles and heavy equipment	5-25

#### 8. Right to use Assets

The Township has recorded the right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount to the initial measurement of the related lease liability. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

#### 9. Compensated absences

The Township has established policies for paying employees, at the time of termination or retirement, for certain accumulated but unused absences. On leaving, an employee will be compensated for all unused sick days up to 960 sick hours for Non-Uniformed Personnel, and up to 960 hours for full time Police Officers employed as of January 1, 1989 and up to 720 hours if employed after that time. The long-term liability was determined by multiplying the accumulated available vacation and sick days, for each employee by the applicable daily rate.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

## D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

## 10. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Issuance costs are written off when incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 11. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

11. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)

The Township has items that qualifies for reporting in these categories:

*Change in assumptions* is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results when actuarial assumptions are changed. This amount is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.

*Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments* is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results from the actual earnings in the plan either exceeding or falling short of projected earnings. This amount is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.

*Difference between expected and actual experience on plan liability* is reported in the government-wide statement. A net difference results when actual economic or demographic factors differ from expected results. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

*Unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and banquet deposits. These amounts are deferred and recognized in the period that the amounts become available. This amount includes the first half of the fund receives under ARPA but not used yet.

*Leases* are reported in the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred balance results at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. A deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

#### 12. Fund balance

The governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term notes receivable, and leases receivable net of deferred inflows of resources.

**Restricted Fund Balance** - includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

**Committed Fund Balance** - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Township taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

**Assigned Fund Balance** - includes amounts intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The governing body, the Board of Supervisors, has by resolution authorized the finance committee, or Township Manager and Finance Director to assign fund balance, which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

**Unassigned Fund Balance** - this residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds; or any residual amounts in the General Fund. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

#### 13. Net position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** - this category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance of this category.

**Restricted net position** - this category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position -** this category represents net position of the entity, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### E. Adoption of Accounting Pronouncement

GASB Codification Section L20, Leases (GASB 87): GASB 87 substantially changes current accounting procedures regarding lease accounting. This Statement has been implemented for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The implementation resulted in a restatement of the following December 31, 2021 balances:

	Ge	neral Fund	Prop	orietary Funds		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities
	Fund Balance		Fund Balance		Net Position		Net Position	
As Reported	\$	2,423,554	\$	(2,731,916)	\$	163,832,923	\$	(2,731,916)
Adjust for adoption of GASB #87-lessor		448,139		-		448,139		-
Adjust for adoption of GASB #87-lessee		-		(3,359)		(16,887)		(3,359)
As Restated	\$	2,871,693	\$	(2,735,275)	\$	164,264,175	\$	(2,735,275)

#### **Pending Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB has issued statements that will become effective in future years including Nos. 94 (Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships), 96 (Information Technology Arrangements), 99 (Omnibus 2022), 100 (Accounting Changes and Error Corrections), and 101 (Compensated Absences). Management has not yet determined the impact of these statements on the financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

## A. Budgetary information

Thirty days prior to the final supervisor's meeting in December, the Board of Supervisors submit a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The proposed operating budget is advertised in the newspaper at least thirty days prior to the final budget hearing. At the last Board of Supervisor's meeting in December, the budget is adopted by resolution. Within 30 days of adoption, the approved budget is advertised in the newspaper as being approved and available for inspection. Budgetary data are included in the Township management information system and are employed as a management control device during the year. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and GOB Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All budget revisions require the approval of the Township Board of Supervisors. There were no budget revisions made during the year. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders) outstanding at year end lapse.

## B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriation in the general fund categories of general government and miscellaneous by \$291,056 and \$96,557 and in the park and recreation culture and recreation category by \$149,936 respectively due to higher than expected legal and engineering, retirement related expenses, and program costs.

## C. Deficit Net Position and Fund Balance

Governmental Activities had a deficit unrestricted net position balance of \$10,186,162 due to the recognition of pension liabilities and changes in deferred inflows of resources. The Country Club had a deficit unrestricted net position balance of \$3,100,712 primarily due to the closure of the Country Club through part of 2021 because of COVID. The deficit related to COVID are expected to be eliminated through future revenues.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds

#### A. Deposits and investments

*Fair Value Measurements*. The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	]	Fair Value	Level 1		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Cash accounts	\$	3,695,247	\$	3,695,247	
Money market		34,789,082		34,789,082	
Total	\$	38,484,329	\$	38,484,329	
FIDUCIARY FUNDS					
Money market	\$	1,533,724	\$	1,533,724	
US Government & agency securities		4,935,143		4,935,143	
DROP account		535,329		535,329	
Bond and bond funds		9,363,978		9,363,978	
Asset backed securities		327,780		327,780	
Equities and stock funds		18,913,397		18,913,397	
Exchange traded products		7,543,873		7,543,873	
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	43,153,224	\$	43,153,224	

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are considered cash equivalents because of their short maturity dates and are included in deposits. The Township's bank deposits are covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized on a pooled basis as required by the Commonwealth's 2<sup>nd</sup> Class Township Code. As of December 31, 2022, the government's carrying amount of deposits was \$37,734,329 and the bank balance was \$38,484,329. Of the bank balance, \$1,000,000 was covered by depository insurance. Any balances exceeding depository insurance are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

The Township's cash equivalent investments in PLGIT are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The Township's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. These deposits are considered cash equivalents because of their short maturity dates and are included in the carrying amount of deposits disclosed above. PLGIT activities are invested directly in a portfolio of securities, which are held by a third-party custodian. All investments in an external investment pool that is not SEC registered are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. There were no balances in PLGIT at year end.

The Township can withdraw funds from the external investment pool without limitation or fee upon adequate notice. The investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and has average maturities of less than 30 days. The Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The risks of default are eliminated due to constraints imposed upon allowable investment instruments through state limitations as discussed in Note 1, D, 1.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Interest rate risk is that changing interest rates will negatively impact the fair value of the Township's investments in debt securities. The Township has no policy for interest rate risk. Securities subject to interest rate risk for Township fiduciary activities (pension plans) are as follows:

			Maturities in Years							
	]	Fair Value		< 1 year		1-5 years	<u>6</u>	-10 years	<u>o</u>	ver 10 years
Fiduciary Funds										
US Government Securities	\$	4,935,144	\$	708,704	\$	2,825,848	\$	660,417	\$	740,175
Corporate Debt		6,508,084		181,160		2,686,766		2,627,125		1,013,033
Municipal Debt		741,278		119,697		153,476		258,033		210,072
Fixed Income Funds		2,114,615		304,504		1,579,406		226,053		4,652
Asset Backed Securities		327,780		316,212		11,568		-		-
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	14,626,901	\$	1,630,277	\$	7,257,064	\$	3,771,628	\$	1,967,932

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

*Credit Risk.* It is the credit quality rating of debt securities owned by the Township. It is the Township's policy to invest its fiduciary funds in debt security portfolios with a minimum average credit rating of "AAA". Credit ratings for debt and money market fund that are subject to credit risk are as follows:

			 Ratings								
	I	Fair Value	AAA	AA	+/AA/AA-		<u>A+/A/A-</u>	BBB	+/BBB/BBB-	No	t rated
FIDUCIARY FUNDS											
US Government Securities	\$	4,935,143	\$ 4,935,143	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		6,508,084	427,597		1,126,420		3,488,525		1,465,542		-
Municipal Debt		741,278	151,810		589,468		-		-		-
Fixed Income Funds		2,114,616	-		-		-		-		2,114,616
Asset Backed Securities		327,780	 327,780		-		-		-		
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	14,626,901	\$ 5,842,330	\$	1,715,888	\$	3,488,525	\$	1,465,542	\$	2,114,616

#### Fiduciary Activity (Pension Funds) Investments

*Foreign Currency Risk.* This is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will negatively impact the fair value of Township investments in foreign equities. The Township has no investment policy for foreign currency risk. As of December 31, 2022, the Township has no fiduciary plan investments subject to foreign currency risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk Investments.* Township pension funds are administered by two fund managers, First National Bank and Trust Company of Newtown holds and manages 4.7% of total pension plan assets. Goldberg, Yolles, & Lepore Consulting Group (Wells Fargo Advisors custodian) manages 95.3% of total pension plan assets. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the funds custodian, the Township will not be able to recover the value of plan investments or collateral security that are in custodian's possession. The Township does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk for fiduciary investments. Pension plan assets exposed to custodial credit risk are insured by both the Securities Investor Protection Corporation for the first \$500,000 of plan assets for each custodian.

*Asset Allocation.* It is the policy of the Township to allocate pension fund investments as follows: Equity exposure is set at 70% maximum and 40% minimum; the remainder being invested in fixed income securities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### **B.** Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Custodial cash deposits and investments

The Township acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Township and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project, except for an administrative handling fee. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Township. At December 31, 2022, \$613,014 represents the balance of these monies held in escrow.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of the year end for the government's individual major funds, non-major funds, business-type fund, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate:

		Nonmajor						
		Park &		and Other			Total	
	General		Recreation		<u>Funds</u>	Go	vernmental	
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$ 2,099,442	\$	12,881	\$	69,047	\$	2,181,370	
Accounts	517,353		18,759		631,471		1,167,583	
Leases	 2,436,923		-		-		2,436,923	
Total Receivables	\$ 5,053,718	\$	31,640	\$	700,518	\$	5,785,876	
	Country				Total			
Receivables:	<u>Club</u>		<u>Refuse</u>	Pr	<u>oprietary</u>			
Accounts	\$ 67,778	\$	426,925	\$	494,703			
Total Receivables	\$ 67,778	\$	426,925	\$	494,703			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### **B.** Leases

The Township has entered in to various lease agreements for cell tower property rentals. Under these agreements, the Township receives minimum monthly payments. The terms are typically for a period of five years with renewable options for two to five more five years periods through 2043. Escalation rates range from 2% to 3% per year to 15% every 5 years. As of December 31, 2022, the lease receivable for the noncancellable portion and additional options was \$2,436,923 and the deferred inflows of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term was \$1,923,749.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the principal and interest received on long-term noncancellable leases was \$91,743 and \$121,555 respectively.

Amounts receivable are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
December 31	Principal	Interest				
2023	34,674	119,941				
2024	44,766	117,931				
2025	50,011	115,557				
2026	55,599	112,912				
2027	61,549	109,980				
2028-2032	445,316	492,113				
2033-2037	736,820	345,563				
2038-2042	713,004	150,943				
2043-2047	295,184	26,017				
	2,436,923	1,590,957				

#### D. Right to Use Leased Asset

The Township has recorded two right to use leased assets for equipment. The related lease is discussed in the leases section of this note. The right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the anticipated term of the related asset.

Right to use asset activity for the Township for the year ended December 31, 2022 is noted below in capital asset activity.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

# E. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Government-type activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,897,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,897,956
Construction in progress	1,314,271	10,471,832	115,929	11,670,174
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,212,227	10,471,832	115,929	13,568,130
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,395,865	16,195	-	4,412,060
Buildings and improvements	31,360,981	102,766	-	31,463,747
Vehicles and equipment	10,763,984	174,222	385,854	10,552,352
Library	95,201	-	-	95,201
Infrastructure	299,483,963	885,151		300,369,114
Total capital assets, being depreciated	346,099,994	1,178,334	385,854	346,892,474
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	1,619,529	108,006	-	1,727,535
Buildings and improvements	10,229,749	858,723	-	11,088,472
Vehicles and equipment	7,298,684	640,014	385,854	7,552,844
Library	77,775	2,456	-	80,231
Infrastructure	138,542,032	7,412,702		145,954,734
Total accumulated depreciation	157,767,769	9,021,901	385,854	166,403,816
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	188,332,225	(7,843,567)		180,488,658
Leased Assets	196,800	-	-	196,800
Less Accumulated Amortization	78,720	39,360		118,080
Total capital assets, being amortized, net	118,080	(39,360)		78,720
Total Government Type Capital Assets	\$ 191,662,532	\$ 2,588,905	\$ 115,929	\$ 194,135,508

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on all Funds</u> (Continued)

# E. Capital assets (continued)

Business-type Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>			Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 1,632,183	\$ 438,115	\$ -	\$ 2,070,298
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,632,183	438,115	-	2,070,298
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Country Club	11,877,649	-	-	11,877,649
Vehicles	24,920	-	-	24,920
Equipment and improvements	1,913,370	80,499		1,993,869
Total	13,815,939	80,499		13,896,438
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Country Club	1,848,202	474,335	-	2,322,537
Truck	11,718	3,560	-	15,278
Equipment and improvements	424,743	140,138	-	564,881
Total accumulated depreciation	2,284,663	618,033		2,902,696
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	11,531,276	(537,534)		10,993,742
Leased Assets	241,829	-	-	241,829
Less Accumulated Amortization	48,366	48,366		96,732
Total capital assets, being amortized, net	193,463	(48,366)	-	145,097
Total Business Type Capital Assets	\$ 13,356,922	\$ (147,785)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 13,209,137

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

## E. Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 60,104
Public Safety	669,775
Public Works	7,768,324
Culture and Recreation	 523,700
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 9,021,903
Business-type Activities	
Culture and Recreation	\$ 618,033
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 618,033
Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 7,085
Public Safety	19,286
Culture and Recreation	 12,989
Total Amortization Expense- Governmental Activities	39,360
Business type Activities	
Culture and Recreation	 48,366
Total Amortization Expense-Business-type Activities	\$ 48,366

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3. <u>Detailed Notes on all Funds</u> (Continued)

#### F. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Interfund receivable and payables are the result of funding cash deficits and are as follows:

	D	ue From	Due To			
	<u>Otł</u>	ner Funds	Ot	her Funds		
Refuse Fund	\$	65,465	\$	-		
Country Club Fund		-		65,465		
Debt Fire		89,930		-		
Nonmajor funds				89,930		
Total	\$	155,395	\$	155,395		

Interfund balances are primarily the result of:

(1) Funding cash deficits

The Township uses unrestricted revenues collected in the various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following amounts:

	Trans	fers from	Transfers to			
	<u>Othe</u>	<u>r Funds</u>	Ot	her Funds		
General	\$	-	\$	1,105,000		
Capital Asset Fire		300,000		-		
Nonmajor Funds		1,384,000		-		
Country Club		-		579,000		
Total	\$	1,684,000	\$	1,684,000		

Interfund transfers are primarily the result of:

(1) Reimbursement of expenses

(2) Saving for future capital projects

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### G. Leases

The Township leases copiers and golf carts at a rate of \$3,495 per month for the copiers and \$51,846/year for the golf carts. These noncancelable leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of adoption of GASB 87. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.6% for the golf carts which is the stated rate of interest in the lease and 5% for the copiers which is the Township's long-term borrowing rate at the date of GASB 87 implementation. As a result, the Township recorded a right to use asset and lease liability of \$193,463 at January 1, 2022 (retroactive restatement) for the golf carts and \$157,440 for the copiers.

The government leases other pieces of office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total liabilities under these leases are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

#### Leases

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Year	Governmental			Business
Ending Dec 31	Activities			Activities
2023	\$	613,846	\$	147,746
2024		480,497		98,757
2025		469,429		52,688
2026		172,891		_
Total	\$	1,736,663	\$	299,191

#### H. Debt

#### General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities and the purchase of the country club. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued was \$51,985,524.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds are generally issued as 10-20 year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

## H. Debt (continued)

# General Obligation Bonds and Notes

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	
Purpose	Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	2.0 to 5.0%	\$ 50,488,914
Business-type Activities:	1.9 to 4.0%	\$ 15,076,086

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	ctivities	Business-type Activities				
December 31	 Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
2023	\$ 1,901,610	\$	1,951,887	\$	3,390	\$	563,095
2024	1,759,278		1,857,028		440,722		557,547
2025	1,824,107		1,792,590		450,893		544,991
2026	1,883,766		1,731,649		471,234		529,689
2027	1,966,816		1,648,140		488,184		511,670
2028-2032	11,080,230		6,994,513		2,769,770		2,243,199
2033-2037	11,354,109		4,677,501		3,830,891		1,662,359
2038-2042	10,296,069		2,609,716		5,403,931		792,912
2043-2046	\$ 8,422,929	\$	599,859		1,217,071		24,341
	\$ 50,488,914	\$	23,862,883	\$	15,076,086	\$	7,429,803

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### H. Debt (continued)

# Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
	Bala	nce, Restated	Additions Reductions		Reductions	Balance		One Year		
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	51,985,524	\$	-	\$	1,496,610	\$	50,488,914	\$	1,901,610
Deferred amounts:										
For issuance premiums		5,321,193		-		162,786		5,158,407		-
For issuance discounts		(1,141,729)		-		(11,771)		(1,129,958)		_
Total bonds payable		56,164,988		-		1,647,625		54,517,363		1,901,610
Lease liability		2,225,848		294,918		784,103		1,736,663		613,846
Net pension liability		724,687		10,185,342		-		10,910,029		-
Total OPEB liability		3,883,267		-		1,040,179		2,843,088		-
Compensated absences		3,590,313		1,680,000		1,421,913		3,848,400		125,000
Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	66,589,103	\$	12,160,260	\$	4,893,820	\$	73,855,543	\$	2,640,456

	Ending	Due Withir						
	Bala	nce, Restated	 Additions	Reductions		Balance	C	ne Year
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>								
General obligation bonds	\$	15,079,476	\$ -	\$	3,390	\$ 15,076,086	\$	3,390
Deferred amounts:								
For issuance premiums		88,265	-		4,203	84,062		-
For issuance discounts		(62,845)	 -		(2,993)	(59,852)		
Total bonds payable		15,104,896	-		4,600	15,100,296		3,390
Lease liability		359,743	96,252		156,804	299,191		147,746
Compensated absences		65,833	 70,000		63,020	72,813		5,000
	\$	15,530,472	\$ 166,252	\$	224,424	\$ 15,472,300	\$	156,136

Debt service for general obligation bonds is funded primarily from real estate taxes for governmental activities and charges for service in the business type activities. Any liabilities for compensated absences and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. The liabilities related to the business type activities of the Country Club will be liquidated by the Country Club.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds (Continued)

#### H. Debt (continued)

In 2018, the Township entered into a Purchase Money Promissory Note with the Authority in the sum of \$650,000, without interest, and shall be payable in full within 25 years from the July 11, 2018. The Authority recorded a discount on the note based on the Township's long-term borrowing rate of 3.67% totaling \$386,011. The discount is amortized each year. The balance at December 31, 2022 is \$345,071.

During the year, the Township borrowed a \$3 million tax anticipation note at the rate of 0.75% which was paid off by May 15, 2022.

## NOTE 4. Other Information

#### A. Risk management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Property & Liability Trust pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$441,848. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2022 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead, the pool declared a dividend of which Northampton's share was \$23,960.

The Township is also a member of the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT), a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$427,937. The Trust declared a dividend in 2022. Northampton Township's share of the dividend distribution was \$39,019. As the result of the 2021 payroll audit, Northampton Township received \$8,268. At December 31, 2022, there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead, an audit of the reported 2022 payroll will be performed during the first quarter of 2023.

The Township is also a member in the Delaware Valley Health Trust pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$2,740,189. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2022 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

## B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which are currently likely to materially affect the financial position of the Township.

## C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

## Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Township sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans, the Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniformed Pension Plan. These plans are reported as Pension Trust Funds in the accompanying financial statements and do not issue stand-alone reports. The plans are administered by the Township. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2021. Details below are from the valuation.

*Police Pension Defined Benefit Pension Plan* - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full-time uniformed police officers of the Township. An employee enters the plan on the day he becomes a full-time police officer.

*Non-Uniformed Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan* - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full-time permanent, non-uniformed employees of the Township who join the Plan on the first day of the month coincident with or following the completion of one year of service and attainment of age 21.

The Pension Plans are controlled by the provisions of Ordinance No. 2010-548, as amended, adopted pursuant to Act 581. The Plans are governed by the Board of Supervisors which is responsible for the management of the plan assets. The Board of Supervisors has appointed a Pension Committee for each plan as the official bodies to which all related investment matters of the Funds are delegated. Each Pension Committee consists of three members, one member of the Board of Supervisors, one person appointed by the Board of Supervisors, and one participant in the plan. The Board of Supervisors has delegated the authority to manage the plans assets to Fidelity Investments, Goldberg, Yolles & Lapore LLC. The Custodian is First Clearing Corporation. All full-time police and non-uniform employees participate in the plans. Neither of the plans prepares individual stand-alone financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Plan Membership

At December 31, 2022, Northampton Township Pension Plans consisted of the following:

		Non-
	Police	<u>Uniformed</u>
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)		
currently receiving benefits	40	38
Inactive employees entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	3	25
Active employees	<u>41</u>	37
	<u>84</u>	100

Two employees are in the DROP plan.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Police Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to all full-time members of the police force as of their date of hire. All benefits vest after 12 years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with 25 years of credited service are entitled to monthly retirement benefit, payable for life, in an amount equal to 50% of their average eligible monthly compensation received during the last 36 months of employment plus a service increment of 1/40 of the normal retirement benefit for each year of service in excess of 25 years, up to a maximum of \$100. If hired before January 1, 1992, an employee can retire after age 50. A member who completes at least 20 years of service and terminates prior to reaching the normal retirement may receive an immediate pension. The pension is the accrued pension, reduced by an actuarial factor to account for early payment. If a participant continues working after their normal retirement date, their pension does not start until they actually retire. The late retirement benefit is the benefit accrued to the late retirement date. A disability pension is available to participants disabled in the line of duty. The disability pension is equal to 50% of the member's monthly salary at the time of disability. If an active member is killed in the line of duty, the Plan provides a monthly death benefit to the surviving spouse, or eligible child equal to 50% of the member's monthly salary at the time of death. If a member is eligible for retirement at the time of death, a monthly death benefit is payable to the surviving spouse, or eligible child, equal to 50% of the monthly benefit the member would have been receiving had they been retired at the time of death.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Benefits Provided (continued)

A Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") is available to the Township's police officers who have fulfilled the age and service requirements of the Police Pension Plan as described in the above paragraph. An active member who has met the eligibility requirements for the program, which are age 50 and 25 years of service, may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option program for a period of at least one year, but not more than three years. Monthly pension shall be calculated as of the date of participation in the program.

*Non-Uniformed Employees Pension Plan*: The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Normal retirement age is 65. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly during the participant's lifetime. The amount of monthly pension is equal to, if hired before January 1, 1994, the greater of A or B. If hired after January 1, 1994, B. A) A benefit equal to 1% of Final Monthly Average Salary (FMAS) up to \$1,000 plus 1.75% of FMAS in excess of \$1,000, multiplied by years of service prior to normal retirement date. The benefit shall not be less than \$10/month for each year of service. B) A monthly benefit equal to 1.5% FMAS multiplied by years of service, up to a maximum of 30 years, plus 1.0% of FMAS multiplied by years of service in excess of 30 years.

If a participant continues working after the normal retirement date, the pension does not start until the participant actually retires. The late retirement benefit is the greater of the benefit accrued to the retirement date or the actuarial equivalent of the normal retirement benefit. Early retirement is available after age 55 and 10 years of service. The early retirement benefit is the pension accrued to the date of early retirement reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date. A death benefit is payable to a participant's surviving spouse, or beneficiary in an amount equal to the present value of their accrued benefit.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

*Basis of Accounting*: Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and member contributions are recognized as when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the Plan. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. The net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value of investments is recorded as an increase/(decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments. The entire expense of Plan administration is charged against the earnings of the Plan. Investment earnings are reduced for investment management fees, portfolio evaluation, custodial services, and actuarial services, as required by state statutes.

*Method Used to Value Investments*: Pension Plan investments are reported by the custodian at fair value. Fixed income securities are reported at market value, investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed income securities are recognized on the transaction date. Market related value of assets is used to determine the indicated contribution.

#### **Contributions**

Member contributions are determined each year according to funding needs. For Police, 5% member contributions were required in 2022. For Non-uniform, no member contributions were required in 2022. If an actuarial study shows that the condition of the Plan is such that payments may be reduced below the minimum percentages, or eliminated, the Township may, on an annual basis, by resolution, reduce or eliminate payments into the Police Pension Plan by participants. Administration costs and investment costs of the Plan are financed through an addition to the Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

## C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

## Contributions (continued)

The Township is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Pension Fund. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law. The Pension Plans funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The Township's annual required contribution is equal to its minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") as calculated in accordance with Pennsylvania law (Act 205 of 1984) less state aid and employee contributions deposited in the pension fund during the year. State law requires that state aid be used first to fund the Plan, then employee contributions and finally general Township funds. The Township received state aid, which is recognized as revenue and expenses, in the amount of \$834,053 for the pensions for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Investments

*Investment Policy*: The pension Board, with the assistance of Goldberg, Yolles & Lapore LLC., shall select the appropriate asset weighting percentage to be allocated to each specific asset class. Each asset class shall consist of a combination of investment options that have been made available to obtain the absolute investment objective of the fund. Investments shall be diversified with the intent to minimize the risk of large investment losses. Consequently, the total portfolio will be constructed and maintained to provide prudent diversification with regard to the concentration of holdings in investment funds specializing in individual issues, issuers, countries, governments or industries.

*Rate of Return*: For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expense was -25.73% for Police and -25.71% for Non-Uniform. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of participating entities at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Police	No	n-Uniformed
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 33,892,938 (27,526,110)	\$	20,301,521 (15,758,320)
Net pension liability	\$ 6,366,828	\$	4,543,201
Plan fiduciary net position as a			
percentage of the total pension liability	81.2%		77.6%

*Actuarial Assumptions*: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Police	Non-Uniformed	l
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	
Salary Increases	5.0%	5.0%	(average, including inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%	7.5%	(including inflation)
Postretirement Cost of Living Increase	2.0%	2.0%	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality with 50% Blue Collar adjustment and mortality improvement based on the Social Security Administration's 2015 Demographic Assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2020.

The net pension liability for the Plans was measured as of January 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the reporting date using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement. There were no changes to assumptions or benefit terms.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Net Pension Liability (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	40%	5.5%-7.5%
International Equity	15%	4.5%-6.5%
Fixed Income	30%	1.00-3.00%
Alternative Investments	10%	4.5%-6.5%
Cash	5%	0.00%-1.00%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent for both Police and Non-Uniformed. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The employer has always met the funding requirements of Pennsylvania law Act 205 of 1984. Act 205 requires full funding of the entry age normal cost plus plan expenses, as well as amortization of the unfunded liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

# C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

# Net Pension Liability (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension
		<u>Liability</u>		et Position	]	<u>Liability</u>
Police Pension Plan						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	32,049,378	\$	32,986,661	\$	(937,283)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		679,652		-		679,652
Interest		2,338,285		-		2,338,285
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Change of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		893,812		(893,812)
Contributions - employee		-		247,432		(247,432)
Net investment income		-		(5,427,418)		5,427,418
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,174,377)		(1,174,377)		-
Administrative expense		-		-		-
Other changes		-		-		-
Net Changes	_	1,843,560		(5,460,551)		7,304,111
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	33,892,938	\$	27,526,110	\$	6,366,828

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pe					t Pension
		<u>Liability</u>	N	et Position	<u>]</u>	iability
Non-Uniformed Pension Plan						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	19,225,274	\$	18,500,587	\$	724,687
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		308,253		-		308,253
Interest		1,439,821		-		1,439,821
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Change of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		880,024		(880,024)
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		(2,950,464)		2,950,464
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(671,827)		(671,827)		-
Administrative expense		-		-		-
Other changes		-		-		-
Net Changes		1,076,247		(2,742,267)		3,818,514
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	20,301,521	\$	15,758,320	\$	4,543,201

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

#### Net Pension Liability (continued)

*Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*: The following presents the net pension liability of participating entities calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current			1%
	Decrease	Discount			Increase
	<u>(6.5%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.5%)</u>			<u>(8.5%)</u>
Net Pension Liability					
Police	\$ 10,479,311	\$	6,366,828	\$	2,945,914
Non-uniformed	6,655,663		4,543,201		2,740,538

*Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources*: For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Township recognized pension (income) expense of \$1,274,561 for Police Pension and \$856,353 for Non-Uniformed Pension. At December 31, 2022, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Police Pension				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	869,772
Changes in assumptions		35,777		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		4,617,895		
Total	\$	4,653,672	\$	869,772
Non-Uniformed Pension				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	502,034
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		2,570,406		
Total	\$	2,570,406	\$	502,034

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended					
December 31:	Police		Non-Uniformed		
2023	\$	331,425	\$	73,155	
2024		841,981		418,413	
2025		1,144,541		707,641	
2026		1,465,953		869,163	
Total	\$	3,783,900	\$	2,068,372	

*Payable to the Pension Plan*: For the year ended December 31, 2022, there was no amount payable for contributions to the pension plan.

#### Deferred Retirement Option Program

The Police Pension Plan offers a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) to officers who are eligible to retire. A member is eligible to enter the DROP program on or after his normal retirement date. The DROP program member's retirement benefit is frozen and his retirement benefit payments will be deposited into an account that will be credited with interest and paid to the participant in a lump sum at his actual retirement in addition to his monthly pension payments. As of December 31, 2022, the DROP account balance of \$560,121 is held by the plan pursuant to the DROP.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

#### D. Other postemployment benefit plans

## Description of the Police OPEB Plan

The Township administers a single employer defined benefit plan to provide for certain postretirement healthcare benefits for the police. The OPEB Plan is governed by the Board of Supervisors.

The plan is administered by the Township. As of December 31, 2022, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GAS Statement No. 75. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2021. Details below are from the valuation.

In accordance with the Police Labor Contract effective January 1, 2007, the Township implemented a post-retirement healthcare benefit plan for police employees who retire from the Township. All officers will be eligible for coverage upon retirement after reaching the minimum age of 55 years and the completion of 25 years of service if hired after January 1, 1992 and age 50 with 25 years of service if hired prior to January 1, 1992. A retired officer's spouse, surviving spouse as long as they has not remarried, are also eligible for coverage under the plan. Plan benefits may be amended through Police Labor Contracts.

The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### **Benefits** Provided

The Township will pay for medical insurance (including prescription drug coverage) and dental insurance for the first four years after retirement and for a spouse's first year after retirement. However, the employer cost will be limited to the single or couple premium in effect at retirement. After expiration of the employer covered benefits, the retiree and/or spouse may stay on the insurance at their own cost until Medicare eligibility.

#### Funding Policy

The premium payment is limited to the premium cost of the coverage as of the date the employee retires. This benefit is funded on a pay as you go basis. There are no legal or contractual requirements for employer contributions to the plan.

Beginning with the second year of post-retirement coverage, retiree will pay any premium increases over the base cost of coverage that was in effect at his or her date of retirement.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Other postemployment benefit plans (continued)

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2022, the most recent actuarial valuation, plan membership is as follows:

	<u>OPEB</u>
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)	
currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving them	0
Active employees	<u>42</u>
	46

The Township's total OPEB liability of \$2,843,088 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	
Salary	5.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.5% in 2022, 7% in 2023 with 0.5% decrease per year until 5.5% in 2026. Rates
	gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2027 to 4.1% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.
Pension Retirement Age	If hired before January 1, 1992, age 54 with 29 years of service or age 62 at 26 to 28 years of service If hired on or after January 1, 1992, age 58 with 29 years of service or age 62 at 26 to 28
	years of service

The discount rate was based on the high quality long-term municipal bond rate published by the Federal Reserve as of the valuation date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table with 50% Blue Collar Adjustment and rates set forward 5 years for disabled lives.

The following assumptions were changed since the last valuation. The discount rate changed from 3.00% to 4.31%. The trend assumption was updated. Assumptions for salary, mortality, and disability were updated. The per capita claims cost stratification method was updated.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

# D. Other postemployment benefit plans (continued)

The following benefit terms were changed since the last valuation. Each year's loss (or gain ) is recognized over a closed period, using the average of the expected remaining service lives of all active and inactive employees that are currently receiving a benefit or may be eligible to receive a benefit in the future.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal OPEB				
		<u>Liability</u>				
<u>OPEB Plan</u>						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	3,883,267				
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		209,048				
Benefit payments		(145,028)				
Interest		120,610				
Changes in benefit terms		-				
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(696,309)				
Differences between expected and actual experience		(528,500)				
Net Changes		(1,040,179)				
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	2,843,088				

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.31 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current			1%
	Decrease	Discount			Increase
	(3.31%)	R	ate (4.31%)		<u>(5.31%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,660,000	\$	2,843,088	\$	3,036,613

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### Other postemployment benefit plans (continued) **D**.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Township, as well as what the Township's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (see assumption table for healthcare cost trend rate):

	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation			
	<u>Rates -1%</u>	Rates	Rates +1%			
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,570,366	\$ 2,843,088	\$	3,162,856		

The schedules of changes in the OPEB liability are presented as required supplementary information ("RSI") following the notes to the financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Township recognized OPEB expense of \$317,477. At December 31, 2022, there deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are as follows:

	red Outflows <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
<u>OPEB Plan</u>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 116,905	\$	487,846	
Changes in assumptions	44,788		642,747	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments	-			
Total	\$ 161,693	\$	1,130,593	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Go	vernmental-
Year Ended		Activities
December 31:		OPEB
2023	\$	(71,973)
2024		(71,973)
2025		(71,973)
2026		(71,973)
2027		(71,973)
Thereafter		(609,035)
Total	\$	(968,900)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2022

# NOTE 4. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

### E. Risks and Uncertainties

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Subsequent to year end in July 2023, the Township's former trash hauler instituted litigation against the Township seeking damages totaling \$312,282.46. The amount represents approximately \$176,000 the Township withheld from payment of services due to contract violations and the balance is due to other assorted claims. The Township believes there are no merits to any of the alleged claims and will vigorously defend the lawsuit.

In the normal course of business, there are other relatively minor claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which materially affect the financial position of the Township.

### F. Subsequent events

The Township has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date of this report, which is the date the statements were available for release.

In March 2023, the Board authorized lease debt of up to \$906,000 over 5 years at a rate of 4.19% for public works equipment.

No other items for disclosure were noted.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### Required Supplemental Information - Police Pension Plan

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

# <u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS -</u> <u>POLICE PENSION PLAN</u>

		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	679,652	\$	647,288	\$	597,819
Interest		2,338,285		2,276,741		2,214,356
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(827,097)		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,174,377)		(1,147,091)		(1,256,441)
Net change in total pension liability		1,843,560		949,841		1,555,734
Total pension liability - beginning		32,049,378		31,099,537		29,543,803
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	33,892,938	\$	32,049,378	\$	31,099,537
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	893,812	\$	1,097,770	\$	984,333
Contributions - employee	Ŧ	247,432	Ŧ	246,132	Ŧ	240,816
Net investment income		(5,427,418)		3,509,626		2,943,310
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,174,377)		(1,147,091)		(1,256,441)
Administrative expense		-		(101,849)		(80,877)
Other		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(5,460,551)		3,604,588		2,831,141
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		32,986,661		29,382,073		26,550,932
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	27,526,110	\$	32,986,661	\$	29,382,073
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	6,366,828	\$	(937,283)	\$	1,717,464
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		81.2%		102.9%		94.5%
Covered payroll	\$	5,031,891	\$	4,693,872	\$	4,834,046
		106 504		20.00/		25.5%
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		126.5%		-20.0%		35.5%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		-25.73%		12.03%		11.23%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2021 Change in assumptions: None since 1/1/2021

> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$ 569,351 2,097,590	\$ 518,869 2,041,520	\$ 494,161 1,933,198	\$ 477,534 1,821,268	\$ 487,208 1,728,973	\$ 540,849 1,706,486
- (847,387)	-	- (571,070)	-	-	- (989,104)
-	_	751,373	_	_	()0),104)
(1,024,787)	(1,007,279)	(1,008,271)	(998,558)	(954,062)	(857,230)
 794,767	 1,553,110	 1,599,391	 1,300,244	 1,262,119	 401,001
 28,749,036	 27,195,926	 25,596,535	 24,296,291	 23,034,172	 22,633,171
\$ 29,543,803	\$ 28,749,036	\$ 27,195,926	\$ 25,596,535	\$ 24,296,291	\$ 23,034,172
\$ 955,101	\$ 854,000	\$ 833,727	\$ 861,904	\$ 935,752	\$ 888,000
237,641	222,306	208,622	202,677	210,328	199,170
4,254,701	(1,351,722)	2,819,161	1,375,025	(397,947)	703,085
(1,024,787)	(1,007,279)	(1,008,271)	(998,558)	(954,062)	(857,230)
(85,649)	(78,242)	(86,249)	(70,546)	(76,228)	(6,519)
 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
4,337,007	(1,360,937)	2,766,990	1,370,502	(282,157)	926,506
 22,213,925	 23,574,862	 20,807,872	 19,437,370	 19,719,527	 18,793,021
\$ 26,550,932	\$ 22,213,925	\$ 23,574,862	\$ 20,807,872	\$ 19,437,370	\$ 19,719,527
\$ 2,992,871	\$ 6,535,111	\$ 3,621,064	\$ 4,788,663	\$ 4,858,921	\$ 3,314,645
89.9%	77.3%	86.7%	81.3%	80.0%	85.6%
\$ 4,539,717	\$ 4,446,895	\$ 4,205,973	\$ 3,989,739	\$ 4,079,367	\$ 3,818,254
65.9%	147.0%	86.1%	120.0%	119.1%	86.8%
19.43%	-5.76%	13.62%	7.04%	-2.02%	4.14%

#### Required Supplemental Information - Police Pension Plan

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION PLAN**

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	11000001		Defi	ibution ciency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>		
2013	\$	881,042	\$ 882,032	\$	(990)	\$ 3,860,005	(1)	22.9%
2014		887,837	888,000		(163)	3,818,254		23.3%
2015		935,752	935,752		-	4,079,367		22.9%
2016		853,878	861,905		(8,027)	3,989,739		21.6%
2017		833,727	833,727		-	4,205,973		19.8%
2018		853,433	854,000		(567)	4,446,895		19.2%
2019		955,096	955,101		(5)	4,539,717		21.0%
2020		984,310	984,333		(23)	4,834,046		20.4%
2021		1,097,770	1,097,770		-	4,693,872		23.4%
2022		893,812	893,812		-	5,031,891		17.8%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

1	
Valuation date	1/1/2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Closed
Remaining amortization period	5 years
Asset valuation method	Smoothed value with a corridor of 80% to 120% of market value
Inflation	3%
Projected salary increases	5%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Retirement age	Earlier of age 65 or age 63 and 30 years of service.
Mortality	Rates were based on the RP-2014 Table, with 50% Blue Collar
	Adjustiment and rates set forward 5 years for disabled members.
	Mortality improvement reates are derived from the Long-Range
	Demographic Assumptions for the 2015 Social Security
	Administration's Trustee Report.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2021

Change in assumptions: None since 1/1/2021

(1) - covered payroll taken from 1/1/2013 actuarial valuation

# Required Supplemental Information - Non-Uniformed Employees Pension Plan

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

# <u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS -</u> <u>NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN</u>

		2022		2021		2020
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	308,253	\$	293,574	\$	318,629
Interest		1,439,821		1,364,649		1,354,955
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(851,045)		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(671,827)		(657,509)		(678,554)
Net change in total pension liability		1,076,247		149,669		995,030
Total pension liability - beginning		19,225,274		19,075,605		18,080,575
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	20,301,521	\$	19,225,274	\$	19,075,605
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	880,024	\$	973,771	\$	929,407
Contributions - employee	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Net investment income		(2,950,464)		1,918,094		1,594,254
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(671,827)		(657,509)		(678,554)
Administrative expense		-		(56,202)		(50,923)
Other		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,742,267)		2,178,154		1,794,184
		10 500 505		1 < 222 422		14 500 040
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		18,500,587		16,322,433		14,528,249
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	15,758,320	\$	18,500,587	\$	16,322,433
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	4,543,201	\$	724,687	\$	2,753,172
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		77.6%		96.2%		85.6%
Covered payroll	\$	2,975,475	\$	3,577,525	\$	3,515,707
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		152.7%		20.3%		78.3%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		-25.71%		11.89%		11.06%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2021 Change in assumptions: None since 1/1/2021

> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		2017			<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
\$ 333,377 1,280,944	\$	355,587 1,227,862	\$	338,654 1,151,841	\$	335,522 1,036,959	\$ 341,598 972,524	\$ 321,375 908,895	
-		-		-		-	-	-	
(330,661)		-		(379,098) 1,011,734		-	-	19,124	
(549,313)		(497,282)		(490,455)		(463,034)	(435,288)	(407,680)	
 734,347		1,086,167		1,632,676		909,447	 878,834	 841,714	
17,346,228		16,260,061		14,627,385		13,717,938	12,839,104	11,997,390	
\$ 18,080,575	\$	17,346,228	\$	16,260,061	\$	14,627,385	\$ 13,717,938	\$ 12,839,104	
\$ 929,510	\$	762,000	\$	767,088	\$	801,499	\$ 780,088	\$ 742,000	
2,289,288		(739,182)		1,428,195		660,603	(189,522)	332,310	
(549,313)		(497,282)		(490,455)		(463,034)	(435,288)	(407,680)	
(49,935)		(43,104)		(46,637)		(36,810)	(43,739)	(6,488)	
 -		-		-			 -	 _	
2,619,550		(517,568)		1,658,191		962,258	111,539	660,142	
 11,908,699		12,426,267		10,768,076		9,805,818	 9,694,279	 9,034,137	
\$ 14,528,249	\$	11,908,699	\$	12,426,267	\$	10,768,076	\$ 9,805,818	\$ 9,694,279	
\$ 3,552,326	\$	5,437,529	\$	3,833,794	\$	3,859,309	\$ 3,912,120	\$ 3,144,825	
80.4%		68.7%		76.4%		73.6%	71.5%	75.5%	
\$ 3,487,914	\$	3,864,377	\$	3,743,396	\$	3,721,891	\$ 4,034,906	\$ 3,941,799	
101.8%		140.7%		102.4%		103.7%	97.0%	79.8%	
19.28%		-5.98%		13.20%		6.64%	-1.97%	4.05%	

#### Required Supplemental Information - Non-Uniformed Employees Pension Plan

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

### **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN**

										Contribution as
Fiscal	Ac	tuarially	1	Actual	Cor	ntribution				a Percentage
Year Ended	Determined		Employer		De	ficiency		Covered		of Covered
December 31,	<b>Contribution</b>		Contribution		(E	(Excess)		Payroll		Payroll
2013	\$	733,265	\$	734,063	\$	(798)	\$	3,476,663	(1)	21.1%
2014		741,199		742,000		(801)		3,941,799		18.8%
2015		780,088		780,088		-		4,034,906		19.3%
2016		794,035		801,499		(7,464)		3,721,891		21.5%
2017		767,088		767,088		-		3,743,396		20.5%
2018		761,231		762,000		(769)		3,864,377		19.7%
2019		929,489		929,510		(21)		3,487,914		26.6%
2020		929,371		929,407		(36)		3,515,707		26.4%
2021		973,771		973,771		-		3,577,525		27.2%
2022		880,024		880,024		-		2,975,475		29.6%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

-	
Valuation date	1/1/2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Closed
Remaining amortization period	6 years
Asset valuation method	Smoothed value with a corridor of 80% to 120% of market value
Inflation	3%
Projected salary increases	5%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Retirement age	Earlier of age 65 or age 63 and 30 years of service.

Mortality

Earlier of age 65 or age 63 and 30 years of service. Rates were based on the RP-2014 Table, rates set forward 5 years for disabled members. Mortality improvement reates are derived from the Long-Range Demographic Assumptions for the 2015 Social Security Administration's Trustee Report.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2021

Change in assumptions: None since 1/1/2021

(1) - covered payroll taken from 1/1/2013 actuarial valuation

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE OPEB PLAN

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

	2022	<u>2021</u>			<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 209,048	\$	202,959	\$	126,142	\$ 122,766
Interest	120,610		114,465		96,703	89,849
Differences between expected and actual experience	(528,500)		67,009		-	100,050
Changes in benefit terms	-		918,246		-	-
Changes of assumptions	(696,309)		8,326		-	60,362
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (145,028)		(92,703)		(20,779)	 (45,445)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,040,179)		1,218,302		202,066	327,582
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 3,883,267		2,664,965		2,462,899	 2,135,317
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,843,088	\$	3,883,267	\$	2,664,965	\$ 2,462,899
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
OPEB liability	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,942,225	\$	4,834,046	\$	4,786,606	\$ 4,539,717
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	57.5%		80.3%		55.7%	54.3%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Medical trend rate assumption for 2022 and future years at 5%

Dental trend reate assumption for 2022 and future years at 3%

Prescription drug trend rate assumption for 2022 is 7% and declines by 1/2 % each year to 2026 and then remains at 5%

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate changed from 3.00% to 4.31%. The trend assumption was updated. Assumptions for salary, mortality, and disability were updated. The per capita claims cost stratification method was updated.

Changes of Benefit Terms: Each year's loss (or gain) is recognized over a closed period, using the average of the expected remaining service lives of all active and inactive employees that are currently receiving a benefit or may be eligible to receive a benefit in the future.

These figures are based on estimated benefit payments.

These amounts may be adjusted for actual benefit payments made during the year.

#### Note on Cumulative Information:

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively as the above information for the preceding years is not readily available. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
\$ 111,764	\$ 108,773
77,953	73,772
-	-
-	-
-	-
 (42,370)	 (105,166)
147,347	77,379
 1,987,970	 1,910,591
\$ 2,135,317	\$ 1,987,970
0.0%	0.0%
\$ 3,989,739	\$ 3,989,739
53.5%	49.8%

**Combining Statements** 

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds												
		bulance Squad	F	Fire Protection	Library		Senior Center		Highway Aid Fund			Total	
ASSETS													
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,956	\$	1,070,890	\$	190,573	\$	59,300	\$	207,460	\$	1,535,179	
Taxes receivable		2,341		7,991		14,879		-		-		25,211	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid expenses		-		34,859		-		-		-		34,859	
Due from other funds				-								-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,297	\$	1,113,740	\$	205,452	\$	59,300	\$	207,460	\$	1,595,249	
LIABILITIES													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	-	\$	75,929	\$	85,950	\$	17,934	\$	-	\$	179,813	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		-		75,929	_	85,950		17,934		-		179,813	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,167		9,623		14,646		-		-		25,436	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,167		9,623	_	14,646		-	_	-		25,436	
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted for													
Public safety		8,130		1,028,188		-		-		-		1,036,318	
Public works		_		_		-		-		207,460		207,460	
Culture and recreation		-		-		104,856		-		_		104,856	
Debt service		_		-				-		-			
Assigned for													
Culture and recreation		_		-		_		41,366		-		41,366	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		8,130		1,028,188	_	104,856	_	41,366		207,460		1,390,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS													
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	9,297	\$	1,113,740	\$	205,452	\$	59,300	\$	207,460	\$	1,595,249	

			Capital I	Projec	ts Funds							Total Nonmajor	
ital Asset creation	Capital Reserve	GOB-2018 Fund	Road ntenance	-	oital Road uipment	Capital set Library	ital Asset enior Ctr	 Total	De	GOB ebt Service	G	overnmental Funds	
\$ 44,499 - 211,083 - -	\$ 211,039 	\$ 619 - 123,468 - -	108,884 3,180 - -	\$	135,455 3,054 85,881 -	\$ 32,688 - - - -	\$ 84,007 - - -	\$ 406,152 6,234 631,471 - -	\$	1,177,800 37,602 - -	\$	3,119,131 69,047 631,471 34,859	
\$ 255,582	\$ 211,039	\$ 124,087	\$ 112,064	\$	224,390	\$ 32,688	\$ 84,007	\$ 1,043,857	\$	1,215,402	\$	3,854,508	
\$ 4,894 - 111,325 116,219	\$ 38,916 89,930 51,094 179,940	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,343 - - 3,343	\$	- - -	\$ 995 - - 995	\$ - - -	\$ 48,148 89,930 162,419 300,497	\$	- - -	\$	227,961 89,930 162,419 480,310	
 -			 3,180 3,180		3,348 3,348	 -	 	 6,528 6,528		<u>39,380</u> <u>39,380</u>		71,344 71,344	
- - -	- - -	124,087 - - -	- 105,541 - -		- 221,042 - -	- - 31,693 -	- - -	124,087 326,583 31,693		- - 1,176,022		1,160,405 534,043 136,549 1,176,022	
 139,363 - 139,363	31,099 31,099		 - - 105,541		221,042	 31,693	 84,007 - 84,007	 223,370 31,099 736,832		- - 1,176,022		264,736 31,099 3,302,854	
\$ 255,582	<u>\$ 211,039</u>	<u>\$ 124,087</u>	\$ 112,064	\$	224,390	\$ 32,688	\$ 84,007	\$ 1,043,857	\$	1,215,402	\$	3,854,508	

# <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Ambulance	Fire		Senior	Highway Aid						
	Squad	Protection	Library	Center	Fund	Total					
Revenues											
Real estate	\$ 434,587	\$ 1,738,348	\$ 1,001,811	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,174,746					
Investment income and rent	928	21,157	5,707	493	5,547	33,832					
Intergovernmental revenue	-	1,236,581	128,832	17,836	1,241,748	2,624,997					
Charges for services	-	-	27,100	74,478	48,904	150,482					
Other			32,953	17,084		50,037					
Total Revenues	435,515	2,996,086	1,196,403	109,891	1,296,199	6,034,094					
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	432,438	1,844,187	-	-	-	2,276,625					
Highways and roads	-	-	-	-	1,410,040	1,410,040					
Culture and recreation	-	-	1,006,991	-	-	1,006,991					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	419,325	-	419,325					
Debt service:											
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Other											
Total Expenditures	432,438	1,844,187	1,006,991	419,325	1,410,040	5,112,981					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	3,077	1,151,899	189,412	(309,434)	(113,841)	921,113					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Debt issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	325,000	-	325,000					
Transfers out	-	(300,000)	(180,000)	-	-	(480,000)					
Total Other Financing			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			;;					
Sources (Uses)	_	(300,000)	(180,000)	325,000	_	(155,000)					
Sources (Oses)		(500,000)	(100,000)			(155,000)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,077	851,899	9,412	15,566	(113,841)	766,113					
Fund Balance - Beginning	5,053	176,289	95,444	25,800	321,301	623,887					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,130	\$ 1,028,188	\$ 104,856	\$ 41,366	\$ 207,460	\$ 1,390,000					

Capital Projects Funds															Tot	tal Nonmajor										
•	al Asset reation	Capital Reserve	GOB-2018 Fund			Road intenance		pital Road quipment		Capital et Library		ital Asset enior Ctr	Total		GOB Debt Service		Go	overnmental Funds								
\$	- 1,636	\$ - 5,661	\$	- 95	\$	289,892 4,365	\$	330,588 2,139	\$	- 487			1,242	1,242		1,242		1,242		1,242		620,480 15,625	\$	2,695,947 19,149	\$	6,491,173 68,606
	450,283	738,604		-		-		-		-		17,606		1,206,493		-		3,831,490								
	- 665,520	128,030 105,210		-		-		- 30,000		- 10,150	-			128,030 810,880		-		278,512 860,917								
1	,117,439	977,505		- 95		294,257		362,727		10,637			2,781,508		2,715,096		11,530,698									
	-	370,088		-		-		-		21,169		-		391,257		-		391,257								
	-	181,718	78,	941		-		-		-		-		260,659		-		2,537,284								
	-	808,941		-		360,925		225,481		-		-		1,395,347		-		2,805,387								
1	,030,453	-		-		-		-		-	2,716			1,033,169		-		2,040,160								
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		419,325								
	127,457	343,988		-		-		275,315		-		-		746,760		1,496,610		2,243,370								
	9,163	11,999		-		-		19,961		-		-		41,123		1,347,620		1,388,743								
	-					-		-		-		-		-		17,820		17,820								
1	,167,073	1,716,734	78,	941		360,925		520,757		21,169		2,716		3,868,315		2,862,050		11,843,346								
	(49,634)	(739,229)	(78,	<u>846</u> )		(66,668)		(158,030)		(10,532)		16,132		(1,086,807)		(146,954)		(312,648)								
	33,585	56,464		-		-		225,481		-		-		315,530		-		315,530								
	-	960,000		-		-		-		-		-		960,000		579,000		1,864,000 (480,000)								
						-						-		-				(480,000)								
	33,585	1,016,464						225,481		-				1,275,530		579,000		1,699,530								
	(16,049)	277,235	(78,			(66,668)		67,451		(10,532)		16,132		188,723		432,046		1,386,882								
	155,412	(246,136)	202,	933		172,209		153,591		42,225		67,875		548,109		743,976		1,915,972								
\$	139,363	\$ 31,099	\$ 124,	087	\$	105,541	\$	221,042	\$	31,693	\$	84,007	\$	736,832	\$	1,176,022	\$	3,302,854								

# <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -</u> <u>FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u>

	Pension	n Trı	ust Funds		(	Custodial
	Police		Non-Uniform			Escrow
	Pension	_	Pension	 Total		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 126,63	9 \$	5 715,688	\$ 842,327	\$	613,014
Investments						
Money market	257,74	9	433,648	691,397		-
DROP account	535,32	9	-	535,329		-
US Government & agency securities	2,840,07	3	2,095,070	4,935,143		-
Bond and bond funds	6,365,354	4	2,998,624	9,363,978		-
Asset backed securities	216,63	7	111,143	327,780		-
Equities and stock funds	12,209,51	8	6,703,879	18,913,397		-
Exchange traded products	4,877,05	2	2,666,821	 7,543,873		-
Total Investments	27,301,71	2	15,009,185	 42,310,897		613,014
TOTAL ASSETS	27,428,35	1	15,724,873	 43,153,224		613,014
NET POSITION						
Restricted for						
Assets held in trust for pension	27,428,35	1	15,724,873	43,153,224		-
Developer			-	 -		613,014
Total net position	\$ 27,428,351		\$ 15,724,873	\$ 43,153,224	\$	613,014

# <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u>

			<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> Police Non-Uniform								
Additions		Pension	110	Pension	Total			Escrow Fund			
Contributions		rension				<u>10tai</u>		Tullu			
Member contributions	\$	247,432	\$	_	\$	247,432	\$	_			
Employer contributions	Ψ	600,000	Ψ	339,783	Ψ	939,783	Ψ	-			
State contributions		293,812		540,241		834,053		_			
Escrow receipts		-		_		_		122,432			
Total Contributions		1,141,244		880,024		2,021,268		122,432			
Investment Earnings Net appreciation (depreciation) in											
fair value of investments		(5,648,992)		(3,063,609)		(8,712,601)		-			
Interest and dividends		255,396		140,157		395,553		-			
Total Investment Earnings		(5,393,596)		(2,923,452)		(8,317,048)		-			
Less investment expense		(107,191)		(60,459)		(167,650)		-			
Net Investment Earnings		(5,500,787)		(2,983,911)		(8,484,698)		-			
Total Additions		(4,359,543)		(2,103,887)		(6,463,430)		122,432			
Deductions											
Benefits		1,185,482		671,827		1,857,309		-			
Escrow disbursements		-		-		-		212,418			
Actuary fees		-		-		-		-			
Total Deductions		1,185,482		671,827		1,857,309		212,418			
Change in Net Position		(5,545,025)		(2,775,714)		(8,320,739)		(89,986)			
Net Position											
Beginning of Year		32,973,376		18,500,587		51,473,963		703,000			
End of Year	\$	27,428,351	\$	15,724,873	\$	43,153,224	\$	613,014			